# THE CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD, MARCH, 1866. "Liberty and Union, One and Inseparable."—WEBSTER. TERMS: $2.00—$1.50 IN ADVANCE.

VOL. 36. EMPORIUM, PA., THURSDAY, MARCH 7, 1901. NO. 2.



**Business Cards.**

B. W. GREEN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Emporium, Pa.
A business relating to estate, collections, real estates, Orphan's Court and general law business will receive prompt attention. 42-1y.

J. C. JOHNSON, J. P. MCNARNEY, JOHNSON & MCNARNEY, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, EMPORIUM, PA.
Will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to them. 16-1y.

MICHAEL BRENNAN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Collections promptly attended to. Real estate and pension claim agent, 35-1y. Emporium, Pa.

F. D. LEET, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW and INSURANCE AG'T. EMPORIUM, PA
TO LAND OWNERS AND OTHERS IN CAMERON AND ADJOINING COUNTIES.
I have numerous calls for hemlock and hardwood timber lands, also stumpage &c., and parties desiring either to buy or sell will do well to call on me. F. D. LEET.

CITY HOTEL, WM. MCGEE, PROPRIETOR Emporium, Pa.
Having again taken possession of this old and popular house I solicit a share of the public patronage. The house is newly furnished and is one of the best appointed hotels in Cameron county. 20-1y.

THE NOVELTY RESTAURANT, (Opposite Post Office,) Emporium, Pa.
WILLIAM MCDONALD, Proprietor.
I take pleasure in informing the public that I have purchased the old and popular Novelty Restaurant, located on Fourth street. It will be my endeavor to serve the public in a manner that shall meet with their approbation. Give me a call. Meals and luncheon served at all hours. no27-1yr Wm. MCDONALD.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL, THOS. J. LYSETT, PROPRIETOR
Near Buffalo Depot, Emporium, Pa.
This new and commodious hotel is now opened for the accommodation of the public. New in all its appointments, every attention will be paid to the guests patronizing this hotel. 27-17-1y

AMERICAN HOUSE, East Emporium, Pa., JOHN L. JOHNSON, Prop'r.
Having resumed proprietorship of this old and well established House I invite the patronage of the public. House newly furnished and thoroughly renovated. 48ly

MAY GOULD, TEACHER OF PIANO, HARMONY AND THEORY,
Also dealer in all the Popular sheet Music, Emporium, Pa.
Scholars taught either at my home on Sixth street or at the homes of the pupils. Out of town scholars will be given dates at my rooms in this place.

F. C. RIECK, D. D. S., DENTIST.
Office over Taggart's Drug Store, Emporium, Pa.

Gas and other local anaesthetics administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
SPECIALTY:—Preservation of natural teeth, including Crown and Bridge Work.
I will visit Driftwood the [illegible] Tuesday, and Sinnemahoning the third Wednesday of each month.

DR. CHAS. F. SPANGLER, Kane, Penn'a.
DISEASES OF WOMEN A SPECIALTY.
CONSERVATIVE TREATMENT.
TWENTY YEARS EXPERIENCE
Dispensary cases treated at Kane Summit Hospital every Wednesday and Saturday morning

The Place to Buy Cheap
—IS AT—
J. F. PARSONS.

OLD RELIABLE DRUG STORE'S

Prescription Department is up to date in every particular. Hundreds will attest to the very low prices. 30 years experience.

*Wall Paper.*

2000 rolls at 3c per roll. A great variety of high grade paper at greatly reduced prices.

*Paints! Paints! Paints!*

Paints, oils and varnishes, a full line. Enamel paints, varnishes and stains, in all colors.

*Fishing Tackle.*

Save money! Call for your Prescriptions, Wall Paper, Paints, Oils Fishing Tackle.

L. TAGGART, Prop.

R. Seger & Co.,

THE PIONEER TAILORS.

Opposite M. E. Church, Emporium, Pa.

STYLISH CLOTHES

for the people,

GUARANTEED FITS.

We carry at all times, the largest line of imported and domestic goods to be found in this section of the state. Our prices are within the reach of all, while we aim to please our customers.

NEW WINTER STYLES now here.

STYLISH BUSINESS AND DRESS SUITS.

R. SEGER & CO.

Ladies' - - - -
Tailor-Made Suits

We have just received a fine line of the latest Spring styles in Ladies' Tailor-made Suits, all of which are well made and strictly up-to-date. These goods have to be seen to be appreciated. The prices are very reasonable.

RAINY-DAY SKIRTS.

Our assortment of Rainy-Day Skirts is simply fine—the best we have ever had, and the prices at which we are offering these popular goods are bound to move them early.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

Our efforts in this line have gained for us a reputation among the ladies of Emporium and vicinity, of which we are very proud, and this year display the finest line of Dress Goods in this county.

M. C. TULIS.


**Borough Council.**

Regular meeting Borough Council, Emporium, March 4, 1901.

Present—Messrs. Howard, Catlin, Schweikart, Murry, Balcom, Marshall and Nelson. Absent—Messrs. Shafer, Murphy.

Mr. Balcom was appointed temporary President and C. J. Goodnough appointed temporary Secretary.

Messrs. Nelson, Balcom and Marshall presented their credentials and were duly recognized as members of Council.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Catlin, that the order of business of previous meeting be adopted. Carried.

Minutes of last regular and adjourned meeting read and approved. Veto message of Burgess read, vetoing the resolution of Feb 4, 1901 with regard to tax on Iron Works.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Schweikart, that the motion of Feb. 4, 1901, in regard to tax on Iron Works property be passed, notwithstanding the veto of Burgess. The ayes and nays were called as follows: Aye—Howard, Catlin, Marshall, Nelson, Schweikart, Balcom and Murry—7. Nay—0. The motion was declared carried.

On motion duly carried, the following bills were ordered paid:

St. Marys Gas Co., to March 1, 1901, $35.00.
Wm. Mann Co., invoice, $4.25.

The bond of J. W. Kriner, overseer of the Poor, approved.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Schweikart, that Mr. Balcom be elected President of Council for ensuing year. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Nelson, that C. J. Goodnough be elected secretary of Council for ensuing year, at salary of $50 per year, and to be paid extra if there is more than the ordinary work. Carried.

Mr. Catlin nominated W. F. Lloyd for Borough Treasurer. A vote was taken and he was declared elected for ensuing year.

Moved by Mr. Murry, seconded by Mr. Nelson, that Johnson & McNarney be elected Borough Solicitors for ensuing year, at a retainer of $15. Carried

Moved by Mr. Nelson, seconded by Mr. Murry, that P. R. Beattie be elected Street Commissioner for one month. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Marshall that Frank Mundy be elected Chief of Police for one month. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Marshall, that Street Commissioner and Policeman be paid same salary as heretofore and Mr. Mundy be policeman and Asst. street commissioner as heretofore. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr Murry that Street Commissioner and Policeman be elected each month and hold office under pay until discharged or successor elected. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Murry that Burgess and President of Council have control of Street Commissioner and Policeman as to hours, duties, etc., except under direct orders of Council. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Catlin, seconded by Mr Murry that the regular meetings of Council be fixed for first Monday of each month at 7:30 o'clock, p. m.

Moved by Mr. Catlin, seconded by Mr. Howard, that a committee of three be appointed on Electric Lights with power to employ an experienced electrician to assist in drawing plans and specifications. Said committee to report to Council in two weeks. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Schweikart, that Messrs. Catlin, Murry and Balcom be appointed as committee. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Murry, that Secretary furnish Chief of Police with necessary stationery. Carried.

On motion the Council then adjourned to meet March 18th, at 7:30 p. m.

**Message from the Burgess.**

*To the Honorable the Common Council of Emporium:*

GENTLEMEN;—

In returning without my approval, your resolution of Feb. 4th, 1901, which reads as follows:

"Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Schweikart, that the resolution passed May 4th, 1899, exempting the Iron Works property from taxation for Borough purposes, be rescinded and the assessment of said property be placed on tax duplicate for 1901."

I wish you to understand that my action in this matter is not at all influenced by any opinion as to the commercial policy or the advisability from any point of view of exempting the Iron Works property from taxation. I wish to make no argument on the fact that so far back as there has been any industrial progress or any commercial activity in this country, it has been customary for enterprising towns to offer inducements like this to outside firms to locate in their midst. I desire to make no point at this time of the fact that prior to the improvements made by the Iron Works Company the property it is now proposed to tax was of little value to the Borough as a tax producer or in any other way. Neither do I care to call your attention in particular to the fact that there is nothing in this section of the state to induce a blast furnace to locate here unless some inducements were offered. My veto of this measure is based entirely on my objection to principal involved in the rescinding of a resolution passed unanimously by the Council, and a resolution which has been accepted in good faith by outside parties as being the expressed word of the citizens of Emporium and essentially is an implied contract.

If it is a contract that cannot be enforced by legal measures, it is all the more a question of honor for us to see that it is not violated If the Iron Company cannot compel us to keep our word, it all the more devolves upon us to see that the solemn pledge made by the Borough of Emporium Council with every member present and voting "aye," be conscientiously kept.

The fact that the Company that operated the Iron Works last year, failed in business, to the loss of so many worthy laboringmen in our borough is as deeply deplored by your Burgess as any other man, yet I believe that this fact forms no valid ground for your action of February 4, last. The commercial honor of a borough, village or city like that of a business firm is a tender plant and its integrity is vital to success. It is a grave misfortune for any town to get the reputation of making false representations to strangers by which such outsiders are led to make investments, and this is practically what it amounts to, to remit taxes on the Iron Works for ten years and then in less than two years and directly after over $5,000.00 has been spent in putting the works in repair to rescind the former action and reimpose the taxes. In my opinion such action will react against the good name and fair repute of the borough of Emporium, and aside from its being unfair as between man and man, and a plain violation of a contract, it is not even good business policy, but will if finally passed eventually prove a material damage to Emporium, far in excess of the few hundred of dollars secured by placing the Iron Works on the tax duplicate.

Gentlemen, I do not believe there is a man in your honorable body whose word is not to be depended upon at all times and places, or a man who would not live up to a plain agreement made in a business matter, and I cannot but think that when you look this matter over in all its bearings, you will agree with me that you as custodians of the commercial honor of the borough, cannot afford to have the report gain credency among our sister towns that an agreement or bargain with Emporium amounts to nothing unless it is enforced by the strong hand of the law.

I am perfectly well aware that there are numerous quibbling points that may be raised in favor of violating our

Continued on 5th Page.

**DEATH'S DOINGS.**

BARR.

MRS. MARGARET MASON BARR died at the old homestead near Millers Run, Saturday, March 2d, 1901, aged 74 years, of paralysis. Deceased was the widow of Saul Barr, who died about five years ago, and a highly respected lady. Mrs. Barr was the mother of ten children, seven of whom are living and were present at the bedside of their mother when her spirit took its flight, viz: Mrs. Justina Miller, Mrs. A. H. Barr, Mrs. L. B. Russell, Mrs. T. Ford, Mrs. S. Nyce, Jas. A. Barr and Milton S. Barr. She has 26 grand-children, all but one (Orlow D. Miller) being present at the funeral. Mrs. Barr was the daughter of James and Ruth Lewis and was born near Sterling Run, April 19, 1827, being married to Saul Barr October 1847. Deceased was a devout member of the Messiah Church for 42 years. The funeral took place on Monday, at 2 p. m., interment being made at Millers Run cemetery. On account of the absence of her pastor Rev. Ebersole, Rev. M. C. Piper of Sinnamahoning, officiated. Five grand-sons and one nephew served as pall bearers, viz: Harry S. Ford, Rolla M. Ford, Raymond Ford, Glenn Ford, Calvin M. Barr and Jos. L. Farley.

‡ ‡

MATTESON.

JAMES M. MATTESON died at 5:30 o'clock Wednesday evening, at family residence, west of this borough, of pneumonia and heart trouble, aged 68 years, seven months and nine days.

Deceased had resided here about 35 years and always bore the highest esteem of our people. He was a good citizen and pleasant gentleman to converse with. His health has been poorly for some eight months past. Four children survive him, the wife and mother having passed away about a year ago.

The funeral services will be held tomorrow at 3 p. m., conducted by Rev. O. S. Metzler of the M. E. Church of this place. Interment will be made at Colegrove, on Saturday, cortege leaving the house at 8 a. m.

‡ ‡

HASKINS.

HENRY A. HASKINS, of Sizerville, aged 45 years, while in the employ of H. C. Crawford at that place, last Monday rolling logs, was thrown about sixteen feet, and thinking but little of of his rough usage remained at work. Later in the day, while at the blacksmith shop of John Norris, he complained of not feeling well, and while talking to Mr. Norris fell dead. Coroner Baker was sent for and pronounced the cause of his death apoplexy.

Deceased was the only support of an aged mother and sister, who have the sympathy of the community in their bereavement.

**Burgler Proof Safe.**

In order to have the best security to protect their funds and resources which now amout to over one third of a million dollars and to give their patrons the greatest confidence in such protection, on Monday the First National Bank of our town placed in their vault a National Cannon-Breech, Screw Door Bank Safe, manufactured by the National Safe and Lock Co., of Cleveland. Their safes have never been opened by experts or burglars. It is burglar-proof and embraces all modern means and devices for resisting the bank burglar. The door is circular, ground to a perfect metal fit, like a valve. It is proof against the introduction of dry or liquid explosives. It is drawn to its true seat with cannon-breech screw threads and locked with quadruple bolts, secured by Yale Automatic Bolt Motor and Triple Time Lock. The body of safe and door is made of drill proof chrome steel.

**A Small Blaze.**

At about 12 o'clock last night fire was discovered in the store room of Peter Schweikart by one of the night hands at the freight depot, who gave the alarm. Several whistles were sounded and the fire department responded promptly and succeeded in saving the building from destruction. The cause of the fire was an overheated stove, the gas being quite low during the evening and late in the night it came on full force. Between the smoke and water nearly everything in the store, even the canned goods, were destroyed completely, and the scorching heat damaged the woodwork, shelving and front, to a great extent.

The damage is placed at about $1,200, covered by insurance.

Subscribe for the PRESS; only $1.50 a year in advance.

WEATHER REPORT.
(Forecast by T. B. Lloyd.)
FRIDAY, Warmer, probably rain.
SATURDAY, Cloudy.
SUNDAY, Fair.

**Electric Light Committee.**

The electric light committee met in the office of the Burgess who is ex-officio a member of the committee Tuesday and preliminary work was at once begun. The committee is already in correspondence with electrical experts and although there will be no undue haste the business will be kept moving right along.

**Death of William Howard.**

Our citizens were greatly shocked last Tuesday on the receipt of a telegram from Emporia, Fla., informing B. W. Green, Esq., of the death of William Howard, in his 69th year, so well and favorably known in this section. Mr. Howard, accompanied by his wife, went to Florida about ten days ago hoping to regain his health. His death from paralysis was very sudden. The remains arrived at Williamsport yesterday morning. The interment will take place on Saturday. The Williamsport Bulletin, says:

The death of William Howard is a serious loss to this city. The sad news that came from Florida Tuesday, whither he had gone in search of health, was a shock to nearly everybody in the city, for Mr. Howard was generally known and universally respected. He belonged to that rugged class of pioneer lumber manufacturers whose energy, brains and capital developed Williamsport and made it the Queen City of the West Branch Valley. Mr. Howard was whole-souled and generous, remarkably free from any selfish trait, and it is pathetic indeed, that just as he was about perfecting plans for the erection of a cathedral for the Scottish Rite Masons and the gift of a home for the Temple Club, his busy and honorable career should be terminated with scarcely any warning. The philanthropic purpose that he had in view would have been a splendid acquisition to the city, and it is sincerely hoped that his untimely demise will not interfere with the object he had in view.

William Howard was one of Nature's noblemen, a plain, straight-forward, honorable working man, one who labored for the good of others as well as himself, and the competence that he amazed was the just reward of a busy life. His name is indelibly stamped on the pages of Williamsport's history. His death is a reminder that the flight of time is gradually but surely thinning the ranks of the old time lumbermen, for of those who were contemporary in the early days of lumber, few are left.

His unexpected departure from our midst has cast a gloom over the city.

**Elias Day at Dayton, Ohio.**

[*An Unsolicited Letter.*]

MR. ELIAS DAY,
At Large,

*My Dear Sir*:—I am the Parson, (not Watkins,) that very inadequately spoke some appreciation at the platform last night. At our home there are two boys (12 and 10). They with "the mother, God bless her," shared the evening of splendid success with me. This morning I was wakened by a voice like cracked wheat, and startled by a grotesque face "made up" by the aid of burnt matches and the stuffing of the bed-comfort! You've been there?

Well, at family worship, we thanked the good Lord for talents to men by which they can preach the gospel of laughter, and as they go through the world you can track them by smiles and tears. When I preach a sermon that helps people and they say so, it helps me. Your sermon last night did us all good. Morris (10 years old) says: "Papa, don't you think Mr. Day had a nice face?" and when we laughed he hurried on to say, "I don't mean when he is 'made up' but when he is just truly." It was a vote.

You may wonder how a preacher with half a thousand church members, waiting for next Sunday's sermon, can take time to scrawl this note. Well, because you did not make a failure and did make one hundred successes. The Lord protect you.

Gratefully,
W. P. MILLER,
Pastor Park Presbyterian Church,
Dayton, Ohio,

Tuesday, Feb. 26, 1901.

P. S. Mrs. Miller was yet laughing over that classical music when I left for my study, but she did not say "what tecnique." W. P. M.


**Never Had a Cold**

since I began carrying a package of Krause's Cold Cure Capsules in my vest pocket. I take one whenever I feel a cold coming on. It's easy. Price 25c. Sold by L. Taggart. Feb

EASTMAN'S KODAK

You can carry it in your hands, on your shoulder, in your pocket or on your bicycle. You press the button and the Kodak will the rest.

NEW STOCK OF WALL PAPER AT

H. S. LLOYD'S.

# CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

**Published Every Thursday.**

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion: 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.


**A Society Girl Smuggler.**

According to the Washington correspondent of the Chicago Record, one of the recent brides has been guilty of some sharp practice at Uncle Sam's expense; "Some weeks ago a great fuss was made because the inspectors of the New York custom house held up for appraisement several trunks filled with fine wearing apparel brought brand-new from Paris by a young women of prominent connection in Washington society. Secretary Gage, when appealed to, gave an order for the release of the luggage upon being assured that the owner had suffered the destruction of all her wearing apparel during the siege of the legations in Peking, where she was a member of Minister Conger's household. A few days ago this same young woman was married at Epiphany church with great ceremony, and her bridal gowns and elaborate trousseau are described in the newspapers as having been recently obtained in Paris, where she stopped for that purpose on her way home from Peking. It turns out, too, that she was not a member of Minister Conger's household, but was a guest of Mrs. Squiers. She smuggled her wedding outfit through the custom house without the payment of duty, even if there was a good deal of misrepresentation on the way. The young woman is a grandniece of a former justice of the supreme court, and the man she married is a grandson of a member of the United States senate."

A remarkable scene took place in New York the other day. A crowded cable car was rumbling along Lexington avenue, when suddenly a gentleman who had just got in arose and signaled the conductor to stop the car, at the same time saying, in a loud voice: "Some one in this car has smallpox." There was a frantic scramble for the doors, and the offender was found to be a woman, heavily veiled, occuping a corner seat, who was on her way to the hospital. The gentleman was a physician, and his knowledge of the disease enabled him to detect it by the peculiar odor which always accompanies it.

From a London exchange we learn that Queen Victoria was personally insured for over $5,000,000, and many outsiders carried insurance upon her life. Many actors, for instance, whose business must be suspended for a long time after the death of the queen, will now have their policies paid by the various insurance concerns. The queen's death will probably entail the largest insurance loss ever recorded.

By all accounts the women in Topeka, Kan., are gambling at a fearful rate. It is said that a young woman of that city started out the other day to buy her wedding trousseau, having several hundred dollars. Instead of going on a shopping tour she called at the house of a married friend and there found a poker game in progress. She was "broke" and in debt in a couple of hours.

As a hard-luck story it would be difficult to match that of Albert G. Woodruff, of Newark, who, while trying to commit suicide by hanging himself in the Essex county jail lately, was precipitated to the stone floor by the breaking of the rope, thereby receiving a fracture of the skull, from which he expired before he could put in operation any other method for killing himself.

Mr. Thompson, a member of the Connecticut legislature, introduced a new word the other day in a legislative debate. It was in a horse story. A neighbor of Mr. Thompson's went to buy a fast horse. After having been shown some with past records and some with possible future records, the man said: "I don't want a has-been nor a will-be; I want an is-er."

Sistersville, W. Va., which is in a rich oil and gas country, got its name from the fact that an apparently valueless tract of 1,500 acres was given to seven sisters, and consequently called "sisters' farm." A little prospecting showed the land to be immensely valuable, and a growing town of some thousands of inhabitants now occupies the farm.

## THE CANDIDATE IN 1904.

**Who the Democrats Will Nominate in the Next Presidential Campaign.**

The announcement from within the democratic national committee that another nomination for Mr. Bryan is "impossible" and that there is "an abiding faith in the possibilities of Mr. Olney" would be important if we were in the beginning of 1904; but in February, 1901, it is an idle prediction, except that it is injudicious according to all political precedents.

The pushing forward of a specific candidate prematurely has been regarded hitherto as a sinister device, and more especially does it have that appearance when, as in this case, the celebration of Mr. Olney is accompanied with a reference to Mr. Hill as a "cheap politician" who is "playing for the nomination," hopelessly as against the "wise and careful Olney." For his part, Mr. Hill has made no such mistake, but has caused it to be announced at this stage that he is not a candidate for the nomination and has only disinterested solicitude for his party's welfare. Neither has he put himself in an attitude of criticism of any candidate suggested, whether Mr. Bryan or another. He may be a "cheap politician," but he is better versed in the game of politics than is Mr. Olney, if the gentleman from Massachusetts is at all privy to such an announcement of his candidacy.

Moreover, this pitting of Olney against Hill, with the bitterness of feeling which the manner of it is sure to provoke, may conduce to the benefit of Bryan rather than diminish his chances of getting the nomination. Instead of making his candidacy "impossible," such talk is likely rather to tend to his advantage by dividing the opposition to him.

That the contemptuous estimate of the political value of Mr. Hill put forward by Mr. Olney's friends does not represent the sentiment of his party was indicated by the peculiar distinction accorded him by the last democratic national convention, and since the election evidences that his candidacy is looked on favorably in the southern states have been many, more especially of recent weeks, when a proposed visit by him to the south has drawn from its newspapers most flattering expressions of regard and confidence.

The launching of the candidacy of Mr. Olney or anybody else, moreover, is a waste of effort, because no signs of the crystallization of a democratic issue will appear before the session of the next congress and the elections for congress which will succeed it in 1902. The character of the issue made will go far and is likely to be decisive in determining the character, if not the individuality, of the candidate to be nominated for the presidency two years later. Prudence dictates, accordingly, that backers of any particular aspirant should hold their man in reserve until the political situation is thus clarified. If the democrats should carry the next congress an issue would be established in their victory which would make pertinent the discussion of a candidate fittest to represent it; but beforehand the sagacious politicians among them are contenting themselves with silent though heavy thinking.—N. Y. Sun.

## TOO MUCH FREE TRADE.

**The Protective Policy of the United States Placing Us Ahead of England in Commerce.**

A dispatch to the New York Evening Post from London alludes to the remarkable change that has recently come about in the relative positions commercially of Great Britain and the United States. It says English journals accept with notable equanimity the disclosure that Great Britain has lost her preeminence among the nations in export trade, and adds:

"The United States is given first place by last year's figures, Great Britain the second and Germany the third. Moreover, the percentage of increase for the past five years is: United States, 47; Great Britain, 23, and Germany, 25. There will be many homilies on these figures when England wakes up to their significance. Meanwhile some stir has been created in commercial circles in the north by the remarks in which the president of the Glasgow chamber of commerce indulged in a recent address in disparagement of free trade. He especially instanced America's prosperity to a point which staggered credulity under the most drastic protection, and declared that England one day would realize that it was no part of its duty to keep open door throughout all sections of the globe under her control for the benefit of unreciprocating foreigners. This speech and the expectations of some leading Manchester men of commerce as to the nature of the financial proposals to be laid before parliament at the coming session are leading free traders to furbish up their weapons in behalf of free trade."

It is somewhat surprising that so ardent a supporter of free trade as the Evening Post would publish a statement of that character. It has been so persistently asserted by newspapers of the Post order that England's commercial greatness was due wholly to free trade, and that the United States, hampered by protection, could not hope to secure a large export business, that a great many persons have been inclined to believe it.

Facts, however, are unanswerable things. And the fact that the United States, with its strongly protective tariff, has surpassed free trade England in exports is a hard one for the free trade theorists to get over. It is quite satisfactory to protectionists, however, and wholly in line with their teachings from the first—that the adequate protection of home industries would lead to such development and perfection as to enable us to successfully compete with other producers in the markets of the world.

Every official report showing the commerce of the world is additional proof of the soundness of the portection argument. There are ample signs that England is perceiving its force and growing a little tired of free trade. —Troy Times.

## CUBA AND REPUBLICANS.

**Promises of Fair Treatment Will Be Faithfully Kept by the Administration.**

The democratic story that the republicans are likely to have a serious disagreement over the Cuban question has not the slightest foundation in fact. There are some differences of view among the republicans as to the wisdom of that Teller rider on the war resolutions which pledged the United States to give the Cubans a chance to frame a government of their own after the United States armies should drvie the Spaniards out. Many republicans say that that expression was unwise. If the situation were here again that particular deliverance would probably not be repeated. Some democrats as well as some republicans regret that utterance. Ex-Secretary Olney, it will be remembered, recently declared in a magazine article that the promise was foolish, and he intimated that it ought not to be kept. He said, as many other Americans of all parties have often said in the past, that Cuba geographically was a natural appendage of the United States territory, and he was in favor of holding on to it.

But the president of the United States and the republican party in general are not going to be swayed by these considerations. So long as the promise has been made it will be observed faithfully. The Cubans will be allowed a chance to frame the sort of a government which they want. They are now engaged in doing that, by the authority of the president. Whenever the constitution which they are constructing is completed it will be submitted to congress, and that body will pass upon it. If it proves acceptable to the representatives of the American people it will go into operation.

It must be borne in mind that the Cuban constitution framers will be required to determine what, in their opinion, should be the relations between Cuba and the United States. This is one part of their task, as was set forth by Gen. Wood, the military governor of the island, at the opening of the constitutional convention. The connection between the United States and Cuba will have to be different from that existing between the island and the rest of the nations. We are standing sponsor for the good behavior of the island toward the outside world. It would be easy for a president of Cuba or a majority of a Cuban congress to get into complications with England, France or Germany, or any other nation, which would be serious for the island and its people if no protecting hand should be raised in their defense. The United States, in its own interest, will have to stand in the attitude of a guardian for Cuba against the rest of the world. We cannot at this late day disregard the traditions of a hundred years and allow Cuba to become the prey of any European power with whom she should be at variance. These considerations, which are of vital importance to the United States, demand that we shall have the right to demand modifications of Cuba's constitution, if these be needed, and shall have some sort of a supervision over the island's foreign relations. On these points there will be absolute harmony between the president and his party in congress. It is safe to predict that a majority of the democrats will stand with the republicans on this ground.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

## COMMENT AND OPINION.

☞The critical moment for a democratic convention will come when Bryan knocks at the door and asks for a hearing. The old yell, equally wild and senseless, is merely suspended.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

☞Some democrats are inclined to take the talk about the reorganization of their party as a joke. It may seem funny to them, but they can never win a national election so long as the Bryanites are in control of the party. —Cleveland Leader.

☞And the squeaky little "anti-imperialists" still defame the memory of Lincoln by protesting that if he were living he would offer other terms than unconditional surrender to enemies who were in arms against the flag!—N. Y. Mail and Express.

☞Mr. Bryan's paper is a disappointment to many of his admirers. His "cross of gold" inspiration was a rhetorical triumph. But one metaphor cannot make a literary genius any more than one swallow can make a summer.—Washington Star.

☞Recently, Mark Twain took occasion to criticize President McKinley's Philippine policy, thereby placing himself in the ranks of those who have made a naturally difficult task still more difficult and arduous for the administration.—Albany Journal.

☞Free traders throughout the country have been rejoicing that "the ship subsidy bill has been sidetracked." Their congratulations are premature. They should know from experience that the republican party keeps its platform promises.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

☞There is abundant time for the "Bryan-in-1904" deal to be declared "on" and "off" many times, and thus bring about somewhat feverish fluctuations in the stock of the national democracy. Just now it has been declared both ways at once, and the contrary declarations neutralize each other.—Albany Journal.

☞Mr. McKinley's reelection has already, in truth, inaugurated another era of good feeling, which neither pitiful treason, nor puny prophecy, nor dismal declamation can banish or abbreviate. The American people cannot be deterred by a brawling brood of factionists and disruptionists from pursuing their course of peaceful triumph and prosperous development.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

# BY A PARTY VOTE.

## Senate Agrees to the Spooner Amendment.

**It Gives to President McKinley Almost Absolute Power Over Affairs in the Philippines—Democrats Vehemently Denounced the Proposition.**

Washington, Feb. 28.—Not since the enactment of the resolutions declaring a state of war to exist between the United States and Spain has there been so much passionate oratory as the senate listened to yesterday. Throughout the session the army appropriation bill was under discussion, the controverted questions being the Spooner Philippine amendment and the Platt Cuban amendment.

The debate was confined entirely to the democratic side of the chamber, with one exception. Both amendments were denounced as vicious and pernicious legislation, subversive of the principles of this government and unparalleled in the history of legislative enactments.

The most notable speech was delivered by Mr. Bacon, of Georgia. He had been thoroughly aroused by reports that the democratic members had been induced by questionable means to withdraw their opposition to the proposed legislation. Personally he declared he would defeat the amendments if he could, although he realized the majority would have to accept the responsibility for them. His arraignment of the administration for "coercing" congress into enacting such provisions in the closing hours of the session was sensationally fierce, and he declared that the only possible object of such action was that the "plunderers and vultures" might have an opportunity to prey upon the land of the Filipinos.

A vote was taken upon the amendment of Mr. Vest providing that the action of this government or its officials in the Philippines shall be subject to the constitution and laws of the United States so far as they are applicable. The amendment was rejected—25 to 45.

Mr. Rawlins offered an amendment declaring it not to be the purpose of the United States to hold permanent sovereignty over the Philippines, but only to the extent necessary to secure their pacification and to establish a stable government. Rejected—ayes 24, noes 45.

Mr. Pettus (Ala.) offered an amendment providing that every person in whom authority is vested under this grant of power shall take an oath to support the constitution of the United States. Rejected—25 to 41.

The Spooner amendment was adopted—15 to 25. It is as follows:

"All military, civil and judicial powers necessary to govern the Philippine islands shall, until otherwise provided by congress, be vested in such manner as the president of the United States shall direct, for the establishment of civil government and for maintaining and protecting the inhabitants of said islands in the free enjoyment of their liberty, property and religion:

"Provided, that all franchises granted under the authority hereof shall contain a reservation of the right to alter, amend or repeal the same.

"Until a permanent government shall have been established in said archipelago, full reports shall be made to congress on or before the first day of each regular session of all legislative acts and proceedings of the temporary government instituted under the provisions hereof; and full reports of the acts of said government, and as to the condition of the archipelago and of its people, shall be made to the president, including all information which may be useful to congress in providing a more permanent government."

The senate passed the army appropriation bill at 12:54 o'clock, containing the propositions of the republican majority for the future relations between the United States and Cuba.

## AGAINST THE BELL CO.

**A Circuit Court Judge Decides the Famous Berliner Patent Case.**

Boston, Feb. 28.—Judge Brown, of the United States circuit court, has decided against the American Bell Telephone Co. in the famous Berliner patent case.

The suits were the Bell Co. against the National Telephone Manufacturing Co. and same against the Century Telephone Co., brought to restrain respondents from selling, using or making telephones or telephonic apparatus with the microphone attachment, and to account to the Bell Co. for past use, manufacture and sales, upon the ground that such use, manufacture or sale was an infringement of patent.

The cases were argued before Judge Brown a year and a half ago, and as they related to the same patent, the microphone, were put in together, and were tried as if they were one case. The Berliner patent is considered one of the most important held by the Bell Co. and does not expire until November 17, 1908. The patent is the same one that has been before the courts in the United States vs. Bell Telephone Co. suit where it was held that the patent was not invalid on account of delay at the patent office. The whole case turns upon the validity of this patent.

**Wrecked by Its Former Secretary.**

Chestertown, Md., Feb. 28.—The Chestertown Building and Loan association has gone into the hands of receivers with assets of $55,000 and liabilities of $120,000, as the result of the misappropriation of the funds by its former secretary, Harry Rickey. Rickey was cashier of the Chestertown national bank. For more than two years he made no report. The directors on February 13 told him they must have it the next day. That night Rickey took a dose of carbolic acid and died. His accounts with the bank were straight.

## APPRENTICE AND MASTER.

**Apprenticeships Were an Important Institution in France During Fourteenth Century.**

Apprenticeship was an important institution of France in the thirteenth and fourteenth centuries, and was regulated with the utmost care, as will be seen by the following account of "An Idler in Old France:"

By the rules of the book the master was held responsible for his apprentice; and under a wise and kindly roof, the lad who was learning to be a master workman and a ruler in his little world might lead a happy and profitable life.

Often he did so, and when the day came that he might claim his freedom he chose to remain the paid servant, friend and fellow worker of the master who had sheltered him from boyhood and taught him all his craft, rather than to seek a fortune less assured elsewhere.

During the years of his apprenticeship the patron, or master, was to feed, clothe and shelter him, in the homely wording of the clockmaker's rule, to cherish him "beneath his roof, at his board, and by his hearth." Nay, it was strictly enjoined upon the master to treat his apprentice "as his own son," and in some trades he was bidden to remember that his responsibility did not end on the threshold of the workshop, that the "soul and morals" of the little stranger had claims on his solicitude.

In a day when the streets of Paris were more or less dangerous after dark for everybody, the master was instructed to be careful on what errand he dispatched the youngster; and the pastry-cook, whose apprentices were often sent to cry cakes and creams upon the public ways, were continually warned to prevent the lads from falling among evil company.

It seems certain that, as far as the Middle Ages are concerned, the rules, precepts and admonitions were not only framed with good sense and care, but were very rigidly enforced upon all masters who had youths and lads in their employ.

High and low in the society of that day the rod and birch were flourished with small discrimination and less nicety; and if the tutors of little princes had leave to whip them freely, apprentices could not expect to come off too lightly at a master's hand.

**Two Seats for One Man.**

A fat patron of the drama in New York found all of the chairs uncomfortably small. Accordingly he agreed with the manager of his favorite theater to engage two seats for the Saturday matinee regularly. This proposition was accepted and the money has been regularly paid ever since. One large chair was provided near the stage in place of two seats of the regular size. As the lessee, as he might be called, is usually to be found in his seat at every matinee, the arrangement has proved profitable.—Chicago Record.

**Parallax of Sirius.**

Sir David Gill, royal astronomer at the Cape of Good Hope, has recently announced the result of a new and very accurate determination of the parallax of Sirius, the brightest star, now visible in the southeast early every evening. Its light, traveling at the rate of 186,330 miles per second, requires more than eight and one-half years to reach the earth. If the light of the star were to be extinguished now—this instant—it would continue to shine on for eight and a half years more. Then, and not till then, would it disappear.—Science.

**Difficulty Easy to Overcome.**

"But are you able to support a wife?" asked the old gentleman.

"Well," replied the youth, "you know it is said that two can live almost as cheaply as one in such circumstances."

"Ye-es; I've heard that stated," admitted the old gentleman, doubtfully.

"So it occurred to me," went on the youth, cheerfully, "that you would not begrudge the slight extra cost that will be entailed as a result of this addition to your family."—Chicago Post.

**In Boston.**

In Boston I encountered a parrot one day.

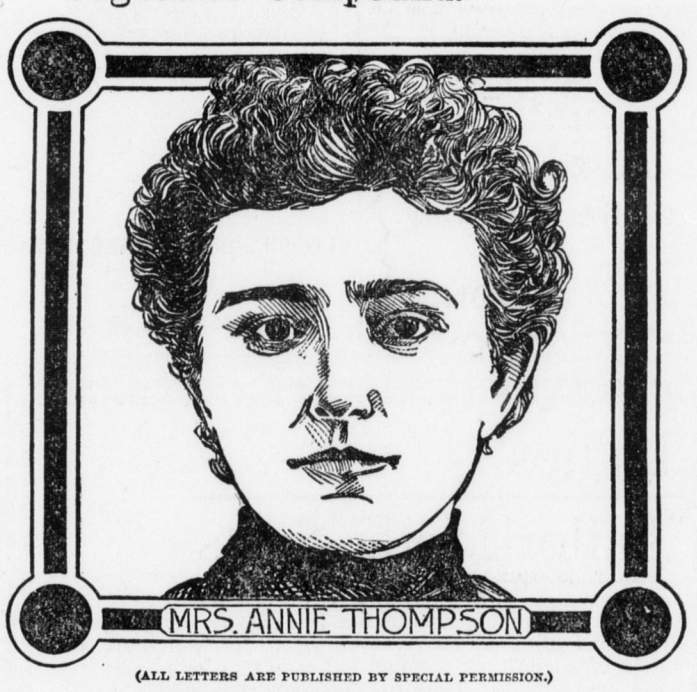
"Polly wants a cracker!" I observed, thinking nothing.

"Your language is extremely anomalous!" replied the bird, severely. "Polly is colonial, while cracker, in the sense of biscuit, is distinctly post-bellum. Moreover, I am not conscious of wanting a cracker. I wouldn't mind a plate of pork-and, however!"

The fowl's scholarly dignity was what impressed me particularly.—Detroit Journal.


# THANKFUL TO MRS. PINKHAM

## Letters Proving Positively that there is No Medicine for Woman's Ills Equal to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.




(ALL LETTERS ARE PUBLISHED BY SPECIAL PERMISSION.)

"I cannot say enough in regard to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It has done me more good than all the doctors. I have been troubled with female weakness in its worst form for about ten years. I had leucorrhoea and was so weak that I could not do my housework.

I also had falling of the womb and inflammation of the womb and ovaries, and at menstrual periods I suffered terribly. At times my back would ache very hard. I could not lift anything or do any heavy work; was not able to stand on my feet long at a time. My husband spent hundreds of dollars for doctors but they did me no good. My husband's sister wrote what the Vegetable Compound had done for her, and wanted me to try it, but I did not then think it would do me any good. After a time, I concluded to try it, and I can truly say it does all that is claimed for it. Ten bottles of the Vegetable Compound and seven packages of Sanative Wash have made a new woman of me, I have had no womb trouble since taking the fifth bottle. I weigh more than I have in years; can do all my own housework, sleep well, have a good appetite, and now feel that life is worth living. I owe all to **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** I feel that it has saved my life and would not be without it for anything. I am always glad to recommend it to all my sex, for I know if they will follow Mrs. Pinkham's directions, they will be cured."

Gratefully yours, MRS. ANNIE THOMPSON, South Hot Springs, Ark.

**CHANGE OF LIFE.**

"I was taken sick five years ago with 'The Grippe,' and had a relapse and was given up by the doctor and my friends. Change of Life began to work on me. I flowed very badly until a year ago, then my stomach and lungs got so bad, I suffered terribly; the blood went up in my lungs and stomach, and I vomited it up. I could not eat scarcely anything. I cannot tell what I suffered with my head. My husband got me a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and before I had taken half of it I began to improve, and to-day I am another woman. Mrs. Pinkham's medicine has saved my life. I cannot praise it enough."

M. A. DENSON, Millport, N.Y.

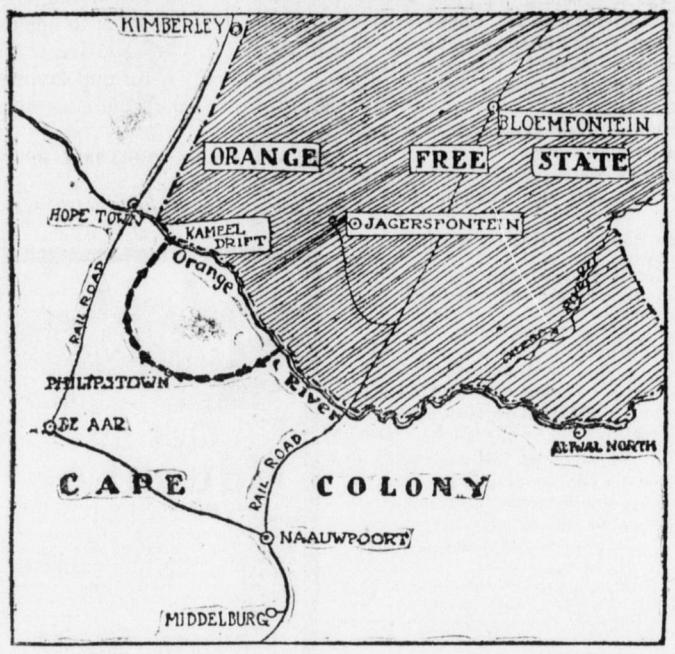
**PROFUSE PERIODS.**

"I commenced taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound about 3 months ago, and cannot express the wonderful good it has done me. Menstruations were so profuse as to leave me very weak for some time after. Was also troubled with leucorrhoea, tired feeling, bearing down sensation, pain across the back and thighs. I felt as though there was a heavy weight in my stomach all the time. I have taken two bottles of the medicine, and now have better health than I have had for four years."

MRS. LIZZIE DICKSON HODGE, Avalon, Ohio.

**$5000 REWARD.**—We have deposited with the National City Bank of Lynn, $5000, which will be paid to any person who can find that the above testimonial letters are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writer's special permission. LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

## DE WET'S RAID INTO CAPE COLONY.




Line of arrow points indicates the route taken by the Boer cavalry leader in his invasion of British territory. He first captured Philipstown, from which he was driven westward by Plumer's force. From Philipstown to Kameel Drift De Wet's march was marked by a series of running fights, in which he always eluded capture.

## A FARMER'S CRIME.

**Killed His Son, Burned His Barn and Cremated Himself.**

Denison, Ia., March 2.—Henry Warn, a German farmer living six miles south of Denison, killed his son William, cremated the body in the house, which he fired; set fire to his cattle sheds, corn cribs, barn and every building on the place and then shut himself in the burning barn, where his headless and charred remains were found by searchers Friday afternoon. No motive for the tragedy is known, and it is supposed that it was done during temporary insanity.

Neighbors saw the smoke of the burning buildings and rushed to the rescue, but Warn drew a revolver, drove them away and went on with his work of destruction. Coils of wire were heaped against the hog house to make sure of the hogs being burned. Wagons were backed against the barn doors to keep the horses in. The hydrant of the farm waterworks was broken and the key thrown away. The body of the son has not been found, but the house is so completely burned that had he been in it, his body would have been reduced to ashes.

**Afraid to Refuse Russia's Demands.**

Pekin, March, 2.—Prince Ching and Li Hung Chang had a long consultation Friday over the demands of Russia regarding Manchuria, which virtually mean absolute Russian control, while at the same time China would be responsible should anything go wrong there. Both the Chinese plenipotentiaries fear to refuse these demands, although recognizing that compliance means the loss of a province to China. They also think that compliance might mean trouble with other powers, for Russia announces that only Russians and Chinese will be allowed to trade there except at the greatest disadvantage.

**A Brewery Combine in Bad Shape.**

Baltimore, March 2.—The interest on the $7,500,000 of bonds issued by the Maryland Brewing Co., due Friday, was not paid and the probability is that the concern will pass into the hands of a receiver for the purpose of foreclosing the mortgage and reorganizing the company. The company was organized about two years ago by the consolidation of 17 of the 21 breweries then in operation in this city. It was capitalized at $6,500,000 and the bonds were floated at 106. Since that time the company's securities have declined until the bonds sold as low as 49.

**De Oro's Walkover.**

Boston, March 2.—The brilliancy which Alfred De Oro, of Cuba, champion pool player of the world, showed last night in his game with William Stubbs, of Canada, took the spirit out of the contest and gave it the appearance of an exhibition. He took nearly every chance offered and ran up a score of 150 to his opponent's 68 in short order.

**Bank Bookkeeper Arrested.**

Pittsburg, March 2.—Bank Examiner Slack had C. H. Siedle, individual bookkeeper of the Third national bank, of this city, arrested Friday for an alleged shortage in his accounts of $36,000. Siedle was afterwards released on bail, pending a more complete examination of the books.

**Government Receipts Increase.**

Washington, March 2.—The comparative statement of the government receipts and expenditures shows that the total receipts from all sources during February, 1901, were $38,880,625, an increase over February, 1900, of $1,140,000.

**English are Too Slow.**

London, March 2.—The war office has made a contract with an American merchant to supply 3,000 felling axes for the British troops in South Africa, English firms being unable to make sufficiently prompt delivery.

**Penitentiary Burned.**

Lincoln, Neb., March 2.—Nebraska's penitentiary, three miles from this city, was almost destroyed by fire early Friday morning. The loss exceeds $200,000. There was no disorder among the convicts, who were guarded by militia men summoned from Lincoln. One convict, George Pfleuger, lost his life.

**Cartridge Factory Explodes.**

Fontainbleau, France, March 2.—A portion of the Cuguy La Genevray dynamite cartridge manufactory was blown up last evening, four women being killed.

# ARE AGAINST IT.

## Cubans Dislike the Senate's Cuban Amendment.

## THEY'RE EMBARRASSED.

## Constitution Builders Try to Find "Where They are At."

## WOOD GIVES GOOD ADVICE.

**The Governor General Urges Members of the Constitutional Convention to Go Slow and Not Take Any Rash Action.**

Havana, March 2.—Senor Capote, president of the Cuban constitutional convention, called upon Gov. Gen. Wood yesterday and informed him that the convention felt itself in an embarrassing position, owing to the vote in the United States senate. He said the delegates had not decided whether to continue the sessions or to dissolve.

Gen. Wood advised him to urge the convention not to take any rash action, but to complete its work as originally outlined, drawing up the electoral law.

Friday afternoon the delegates held an informal meeting and, after some discussion, agreed to wait until congress had acted upon the Cuban amendment.

The full text of the amendment was received by Gen. Wood Tuesday night and was given the following morning to Senor Tamayo, chairman of the relations committee. Senor Tamayo said at the time that the committee had reached its conclusions, but he was urged to withhold announcement of those conclusions until the proposed amendment had been considered, in order to avoid the possibility of radical changes of opinion if the amendment should be adopted.

The convention, nevertheless, insisted upon announcing its views publicly and immediately, before presenting them to Gen. Wood, who did not receive them in official form until 20 hours later.

The conservative element feels that this act, coupled with the convention's ignoring the views of the executive department at Washington, has placed the Cubans in an unenviable light.

Several delegates on hearing that congress had adopted this amendment said this would not affect the attitude of the convention, as its members would not agree to the scheme of relations suggested in the amendment.

When the attention of Gen. Gomez was called yesterday to a statement cabled from New York that he was very angry over the report circulated in the United States, that he had expressed himself against the withdrawal of the United States troops at present from Cuba, he informed a former staff officer that he had made the statement and that any denials were immaterial.

**The Rio Janeiro Investigation.**

San Francisco, March 2.—The federal investigation into the wreck of the Rio Janeiro was continued Friday. Three witnesses were examined. The questioning brought out the fact that in the boat drills on the steamer it was customary for the men to go to their positions, but the boats were never taken out of the chocks. Dr. O'Neill, the ship's surgeon, was confident that if the ship had held up five minutes longer all would have been saved, as there was no confusion.

**A Smallpox Epidemic.**

Pittsburg, March 2.—Eighteen cases of smallpox among the negroes employed at Scenery Hill, near Washington, sinking coal shafts for J. W. Ellsworth & Co., are quarantined in a small shanty near the camp. Fifteen or twenty other cases escaped from the camp and its feared spread the disease to adjacent towns.

**Signed with Cleveland.**

Chicago, March 2.—The Record says that Third Baseman Bradley and Pitcher Garvin, of last year's Chicago team, have signed with the Cleveland American league team.

## RIOTOUS LEGISLATORS.

**Disorderly Scenes in the Pennsylvania House of Representatives.**

Harrisburg, Feb. 28.—The most exciting scene ever witnessed in the house of representatives occurred at the close of the debate last night on the Pittsburg "ripper" bill. The bill provides a new charter for the cities of Pittsburg, Allegheny and Scranton and abolishes the office of mayor and creates that of city recorder, who shall be appointed by the governor. The opponents of the bill, among them a number of anti-Quay republicans, contend that the purpose of the bill is to give power to the republican "machine" in the cities named. When Speaker Marshall put the question of whether the "ripper" section (which section also abolishes the present offices) shall pass, the opponents of the bill demanded a roll call.

Mr. Hosack, of Allegheny, who sat directly in front of the speaker's desk, arose to a question of personal privilege. Meantime the clerk began calling the roll and the speaker ruled Hosack out of order. Mr. Hosack interrupted the calling of the roll with loud cries of "Mr. Speaker, Mr. Speaker." Mr. Marshall finally directed the sergeant-at-arms to restore order. Three assistant sergeant-at-arms seized Mr. Hosack and violently threw him into his seat. Instantly the house was in an uproar and Mr. Hosack's friends crowded about him to protect him from the officers. A clerk caught Mr. Coray, of Luzerne county, an opponent of the bill, by the throat and attempted to drag him from the hall.

The officers released Mr. Hosack and a spectator who had the privilege of the floor caused another outbreak by calling to the friends of the "ripper" to eject Hosack from the hall. Several members resented this and attempted to expel the spectator from the chamber. Blows were struck and a general scuffle ensued but the clerk proceeded with the roll call. The "ripper" section was adopted.

## CAUGHT IN A TRAP.

**A Leader of Bank Burglars Is Arrested After a Desperate Fight.**

Riley, Kan., Feb. 28.—Early Wednesday morning a gang of supposed bank robbers walked into a trap here and the leader, Frank Wharton, alleged to be an expert safe blower, was captured after a desperate fight in the dark. The vault, containing $100,000, was untouched. Some time ago Wharton came to this vicinity and, it is alleged, planned with some local characters to rob the Riley bank. One of the men, named Johnson, became frightened and notified the officers. Sheriff Finney induced the fellow to go ahead with his part of the program and Johnson notified the sheriff that the raid would take place Wednesday morning.

Finney took two deputies and the three secreted themselves in the bank building, leaving the usual light burning. At 1:30 o'clock Wharton and his companions appeared, accompanied by Johnson. Guards were posted and the leader, with a short bar, tore the back door entirely off the hinges. He had selected Johnson as his assistant. Drills, dynamite fuses and a full outfit were carried in and arrangements made to crack the safe.

The sheriff thought it time to interfere and demanded surrender, but Wharton was not to be taken. His first move was to smash the light and in the darkness the four men fought. The robber used his bar and felled the two deputies before they could get hold of him. The officers couldn't shoot because of the danger of hitting each other. Johnson finally succeeded in getting a light and Wharton was overpowered. He was taken to Manhattan and jailed. His companions fled at the first sign of danger and have not been captured.

## THROWN DOWN.

**The National League Assists at the Burial of the American Association.**

New York, Feb. 28.—The National league base ball magnates met again yesterday. At the close of the session it was announced that the report of the committee on rules and constitution had been under discussion. A rule was passed empowering the umpire to remove from the game, and if need be from the grounds, any player guilty of using improper language to another player, captain, manager or spectator. Written proof of the offense must be submitted to the president of the league within 24 hours, who may, if the proof be satisfactory, suspend the offender from play.

At the evening session the magnates summoned President Charles Power and W. H. Watkins. The American association men practically yielded up the ghost in the afternoon. Before night most of its members had left for home. "Bill" Clark, the Boston catcher who was to have had charge of the Baltimore club in the association, said he was out for good. He said the association had died before it was really born.

Members of the association bitterly accused the magnates of failing to keep promises to give financial aid to their association and thus causing its demise. The league was said to have promised to finance the association in at least three cities of its circuit. Lack of funds was the cause conceded for the association's death.

**Cudahy Refuses to Compromise.**

Chicago, Feb. 28.—E. A. Cudahy, the Omaha packer, whose son was kidnapped to secure a reward of $25,000, is in receipt of an anonymous letter declaring that upon his assurance that the kidnapper will not be punished, all but $5.000 of the ransom money will be returned to him. The letter was mailed at Waukegan, Ill., and sent to Omaha. Mr. Cudahy was in Chicago yesterday and received the transcript of the letter by telegraph. "I do not know whether the letter is authentic or a hoax," said Mr. Cudahy. "I will pay no attention to it."

## HANGED AND BURNED.

**The Murderer of a School Teacher Is Lynched by a Mob at Terre Haute, Ind.**

Terre Haute, Ind., Feb. 27.—Punishment was meted out yesterday to George Ward, the negro who murdered Miss Ida Finkelstein, the school teacher, by shooting her with a shotgun and cutting her throat Monday afternoon. A few hours after his arrest a mob battered down the doors of the jail, dragged the prisoner to the Wabash bridge, several squares away and hanged him to the bridge draw. Not content with the hanging, the crowd cut the corpse down and, laying it on a sand bar under the bridge, kindled a fire and cremated the remains.

Ward was arrested at the car works, where he was employed as a laborer, and after being fully identified by two citizens made a confession. His only excuse for the murder was that Miss Finkelstein called him a "dirty nigger" and slapped him in the face. Sheriff Fasig communicated with Gov. Durbin, but the mob accomplished its work before the militia could be ordered out.

At noon the crowd outside the jail, numbering several hundred, battered down the doors, but were driven back by Jailer O'Donnell, who fired over the heads of the mob. Deputy Sheriffs Cooper, Hessick and Leforge were struck by scattering shot and slightly injured, but nobody in the crowd was hurt. A detail of police arrived at the jail and vainly tried to disperse the crowd.

The crowd kept on growing, and at 12:35 o'clock another crowd of irresistible numbers attacked the jail, battering down the outer doors, securing possession of the keys and entering the cell room. A piece of railroad timber 25 feet long and eight inches thick was used as a battering ram. The side door was opened by the crowd inside and the others were admitted in that way. The cell was quickly opened and Ward was dragged forth. He realized that no mercy could be expected from the mob and he fought with the ferocity of a beast at bay.

He was dragged out to the street, still fighting with all his strength, but a blow from a hammer felled him. A noose was quickly adjusted about his neck and the mob started with him towards the Wabash bridge. The feeble resistance made by the wretched man after that blow with the hammer was soon quieted by the savage blows of the mob. Face downward he was dragged through the street to the bridge and across the rough planking of the driveway to the drawbridge. Many are of the opinion that the fellow was dead before the scene of the hanging was reached. However, the rope was thrown over one of the upper beams and the body drawn up. It had been swinging in that position but a short time when some suggested burning at the stake as the nearest approach to a proper expiation of the crime. The suggestion was adopted unanimously and a fire was kindled on the bank of the river just south of the west end of the bridge. Into the fire the body, bearing no sign of life, was thrown and faggots were piled upon it. The stake was omitted.

The fire had barely been started when a man arrived with a can of turpentine, which was fed to the flames. After that combustible oils seemed to flow spontaneously toward the fire and the flames leaped high while the body of the negro was rapidly consumed.

There was no attempt at disguise on the part of any of the members of the mob. Within ten minutes of the time when the mob reached the bridge with the victim the people began to assemble in ever increasing numbers. When the body was taken down to be carried to the fire, the bridge west of the draw was barricaded and the crowd was stopped there, but the east bank of the river was crowded with thousands of men, women and children, gazing at the awful spectacle of a human body being consumed in vengeful flames.

As the bones began to crumble and fall apart the fragments were drawn from the fire and carried away.

## MR. VANDERLIP RESIGNS.

**An Ohioan Will Take His Position as Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.**

Washington, Feb. 27.—The resignation of Frank A. Vanderlip, assistant secretary of the treasury, was announced at the department Tuesday to take effect upon the qualification of his successor, not later than March 8. It is Mr. Vanderlip's intention to sail for Europe soon in order to make a study of financial and industrial affairs. Upon his return he will become identified with a large western corporation.

It is understood that Mr. Ailes, of Ohio, will succeed Mr. Vanderlip. He is 34 years old and is a native of Sidney. He entered the government service 14 years ago as an assistant messenger in the internal revenue bureau of the treasury department and since has passed through all the grades of the civil service. In 1893 he was appointed to a special position in the customs bureau and later was made private secretary to then Assistant Secretary Wike. During this service Mr. Ailes had opportunity for acquiring a thorough knowledge of the treasury department and its workings, and because of this knowledge he was detailed to the secretary's office early in the present administration and later was appointed private secretary to the secretary of the treasury.

**Lost Their Heads.**

Pekin, Feb. 27.—Chih Siu, former grand secretary, and Hsu Cheng Yo were publicly beheaded yesterday. The street in which the execution took place was guarded by French, German and American troops. The condemned officials were taken to the ground in carts, escorted by a company of Japanese infantry. Chih Siu met his fate in a dignified manner, walking from the cart fearlessly. Hsu Cheng Yu was stupefied with opium. They were both dressed in their Chinese official costumes, without the insignia of their rank.

## SOME HAVE VERY EASY JOBS.

**A Congressional Committee Describes the Abuses that Exist Among House Employes.**

Washington, March 1.—The report of the special committee of the house which investigated the employment rolls was made public yesterday. It says that "some of the faults observed in administration of the affairs of the house are attributable to the persistence of members of the house in urging upon the officers the appointment of their constituents to subordinate places, and that such faults are deeply rooted and likely to continue under the administration of any political party as long as such a system is maintained."

The committee finds nothing to criticize in the house post office or sergeant-at-arms' office. Of the offices of the clerk and doorkeeper the committee reports that they "found in both departments certain abuses which may be grouped under three heads, namely, transfers of employes from the duties of the positions to which they were appointed to other duties, unjustifiable payments of compensation to employes while absent from their posts of duty and divisions of salaries."

Under such heading the committee specifies a number of individual instances. The committee says that the amount of absenteeism is considerable. It is stated that one employe has not worked over six months in the nearly four years during which he has drawn pay and has not been in Washington for 11 or 12 months. Many cases of contributions by employes of salaries are mentioned, one of them in the last congress being $1,600 annually out of a salary of $3,600. These contributions went towards equalizing salaries of other employes.

## FIRE DESTROYS A TRAIN.

**Two Men Killed and Three Badly Hurt as the Result of a Collision at Coal Valley, Pa.**

Pittsburg, March 1.—Two men dead, three badly hurt and a passenger train burned is the result of a head-on collision between passenger train No. 16, southbound, and a local freight on the Pittsburg, Virginia & Charleston railroad last evening at Coal Valley, Pa., five miles from McKeesport. The dead are:

Frank White, engineer, of Uniontown, horribly mangled.

Milton S. Thompson, mail clerk, of Brownsville, leg burned off, hurt internally, died on the way to hospital.

The injured are:

C. Shaver, fireman, Uniontown, badly scalded and bruised.

Charles Stroud, baggagemaster, bruised and burned.

Michael Kulik, Schoenville, a passenger, back hurt.

Immediately after the collision the passenger cars took fire and were soon totally destroyed, only one car escaping the flames. The trains in collision were the Uniontown express, southbound, and the local freight coming toward Pittsburg. The local was standing on a siding between the north and southbound tracks delivering freight at the time. For some reason, as yet unknown, the express, instead of keeping to the main track, shot off into the siding and telescoped the other train. All of the victims were on the express train, which carried between 50 and 60 passengers.

## WILLIAM M. EVARTS DIES.

**Famous Lawyer, Statesman and Politician Has Crossed the Divide.**

New York, March 1.—William M. Evarts, the celebrated lawyer, died at his home here Thursday, aged 83 years.

In the impeachment trial of President Andrew Johnson, in 1868, Mr. Evarts was the leading counsel for the defendant, and from July, 1868, to the close of Mr. Johnson's administration, he was attorney general for the United States.

In 1872 he was counsel for the United States in the tribunal of arbitration on the Alabama claims at Geneva, and in the celebrated Tilton-Beecher case, in 1875, he was at the head of Mr. Beecher's counsel.

He also argued the republican side of the case before the electoral commission in 1877. Upon the accession, in March, 1877, of Mr. Hayes to the presidency, he was made secretary of state, a position which he retained until the close of Mr. Hayes' term, in 1881. From 1885 to 1891 he was United States senator from New York.

## WILL TAKE TIME.

**Morgan Syndicate May Spend Weeks in Pacifying Dissatisfied Stockholders of Companies Absorbed.**

Pittsburg, March 1.—The Leader says: An official of the National Tube Co. says that the Morgan syndicate, which is attempting to amalgamate the great steel companies into the United States Steel Co. is now bending its energies to harmonize the different factions. It will be in the neighborhood of two months before all the difficulties are overcome.

Mr. Carnegie was finally retired from the steel business last week. He received $22,500,000 in cash and holds a lien on his stock for 5 per cent. gold bearing bonds to the value of nearly $200,000,000. The liens are to be surrendered when the bonds are approved or accepted. When the settlement was made with Mr. Carnegie, Mr. Morgan told the steel king that he was the richest man in the world.

**Longshoremen Strike.**

Marseilles, March 1.—Several steamers from Algiers and Oran, Algeria, with early fruits and vegetables, are unable to discharge their cargoes owing to the strike of dock laborers, 3,000 of whom were declared a general strike on account of the refusal of contractors to dismiss certain overseers. The strikers yesterday enlarged their claims. They now demand a reduction in the hours of work and increased pay. The strikers are encouraged by the sympathetic attitude of the mayor of Marseilles.

# CHARRED CORPSES.

## Taken from the Ruins of a Dye Works.

## CHEMICALS EXPLODED.

## A Fire Disaster in the City of Rochester, N. Y.

## JUMPED FROM WINDOWS.

**Two Men Made the Leap in Safety, but a Third One was Probably Fatally Injured—Dozens Went Down on the Fire Escapes.**

Rochester, N. Y., March 2.—In a fire Friday which destroyed the Leary dye works, a five-story brick structure at Platt and Mill streets, two lives were lost, one man was probably fatally injured and ten other persons were more or less seriously hurt. The dead are two unidentified bodies—a man and a boy, both burned beyond recognition.

Frank Udell, brother-in-law of the vice president of the Seneca Camera Co., was probably fatally injured in jumping from a fourth story window. The others injured were Edward Theis, William Boyeink, David W. Allen, F. Conrad, Lieut. Martin, of the hose company, Mary Vincent, Raymond Belcon and Frederick Case. The upper floor of the building was occupied by the Seneca Camera Co., which employed 25 men and women. The fire started in the third floor and is supposed to have been caused by an explosion of chemicals stored on that floor.

At the outbreak of the fire word was carried to Bridgeford's machine shop across the way and ten or twelve of the employes secured several heavy pieces of canvas and ran to the scene of the fire. They were in time to catch two men, Case and Conrad, who jumped from the fourth story, but a third, Mr. Udell, missed the canvas and was probably fatally injured. In the room in which the fire started there were two or three dozen persons. It was impossible for all to escape by the doors. There was a rush for the fire escapes and 24 persons are said to have made their escape that way. The loss on the building is $8,000; stock $5,000. The loss of the Seneca Camera Co. is $40,000, with no insurance.

**Deserters Escape.**

Cincinnati, March 2.—Charles Buburn, George McDowell and John Joseph escaped from Fort Thomas yesterday after seriously wounding Guard Ballard. The three men had been convicted of desertion from the army and were sent to Fort Thomas to serve their sentences. They were taken out Friday to pick paper from the lawn, and when they found several rocks began throwing them out into the street. Ballard was not paying much attention to them and suddenly he was hit on the head and knocked senseless. The men seized Ballard's gun and escaped.

**The Defense Rests.**

Peoria, Ill., March 2.—In the Moser murder trial Friday great interest centered in the evidence of the defendant. He claimed to have no recollection whatever of the killing of his wife and children, notwithstanding he related all the facts to a number of people immediately after his arrest. Reuben Moser, the youngest brother of the accused, and C. R. King testified to insanity in the family. This ended the evidence of the defense and the state will introduce evidence in rebuttal to-day.

**A Desperate Battle.**

Colon, Colombia, March 2.—News has just been received here that a bloody battle was fought February 20, near Maria La Baja, between a small force of government troops and 500 insurgents, resulting in a victory for the government forces. The insurgents lost 30 killed and ten wounded, and the government troops eight officers and seven men killed and many men wounded.

**An English View of the Combine.**

London, March 2.—Summing up the resources of the Morgan steel combination the Statist says: "It has the largest and most perfect blast furnaces in the world, compared with which all ours are but as African pigmies alongside the most splendid regiment of the guards." Obviously the prospect, as the Statist sees it, is not encouraging for British producers.

**Chaffee Must Reduce His Force.**

Washington, March 2.—Carrying out the policy inaugurated by the state department when it changed its military force in China into a legation guard, the war department has sent orders to Gen. Chaffee to still further reduce his force. The general now has under his command about 1,800 men.

**Car Barns Burned.**

Chicago, March 2.—The car barns of the Metropolitan elevated railroad, with eight motor cars, were destroy by the fire last night. Loss $30,000.

**Constable Kills a Burglar.**

Wheeling, W. Va., March 2.—At Claysville, Pa., 20 miles east of here, Constable John Neely shot and killed one burglar yesterday and captured another after a desperate fight. The burglars had entered half a dozen houses and were finally located in a store.

**Bolomen Surrender.**

Manila, March 2.—Twenty-one rebel officers and 120 bolomen have surrendered to Lieut. Desque, of the Forty-seventh volunteer infantry, at the town of Irocin, in Albay province, Southern Luzon.

# Cameron County Press

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD.

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Manager.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance.....$1 50

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year or for six or three months are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2 00; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices ten cents per line for one insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business Cards, five lines or less $5.00 per year over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising

No local inserted for less than 75 cts. per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete, and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO Law Printing.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.


## PERTINENT POLITICAL POINTS.

Dewey's house, Sampson's pen, and Hobson's mouth, will go down into history as a great trio.

If Carnegie wants to die poor why doesn't he run for the Senate in one of the deadlocked States?

Anyway, King Eddie has had too much experience to take professional tips like Mr. Bryan's too seriously.

If the Nicaraugua canal hasn't yet connected the Atlantic with the Pacific, it has at least connected Secretary Hay with Lord Pauncefote.

The recent lynching in Indiana has no excuse. The crime was simply ordinary murder, not complicated by the usual cause for such vengeance. The lynchers ought to be dealt with by law.

One cause of appendicitis is said to be the quick lunch counters, where men gulp down their food without chewing it, as if they were shoveling coal into a furnace. Eat slowly and live long.

Mrs. Nation furnishes a very fair parallel to John Brown. Each did an illegal act in order to call attention to an objectionable state of affairs. Brown was hung, Mrs. Nation will be —— what?

Since the founding of the United States government, only $16,000,000, or one-twentieth of one per cent. of its tatal income, has been lost by dishonesty. This seems to be a pretty good record.

Wonder who will now take the blame of having written the Sampson endorsement that is causing so much trouble? Since it has appeared that his Santiago message was written by someone else, no one knows what to expect.

We have not yet been informed whether the Pekin executions took place on the persons of the offenders or on those of substitutes. There are likely to be several resurrections in China after the allies are withdrawn.

Women claim that they possess inventive talent, and yet less than 6,000 patents have been issued to them while hundreds of thousands have been issued to men. This gives point to the assertion that the fair sex can imitate but not originate.

It is to be regretted that Congress has ceased to authorize new vessels for the navy. This penny-wise, pound-foolish policy showed its results in the Spanish war, when more money had to be paid for semi-worthless vessels than would have sufficed to build a dozen battleships if expended in time.

The Democrats have shown a shade of sense by agreeing not to oppose the resolutions recommended for Cuba by the President and the Republican Senators. It is to be feared, however, that it was the selfish desires to escape an extra session and not patriotism that impelled them to this course.

## OUR FARMERS IN CONVENTION.

### Farmers' Institute—Attendance Not Large—Otherwise a Success.

It is to be regretted that our farmers do not take a more general hold upon the advantages offered at these institutes, both by the State and by the more energetic farmers of our county. While the meetings held here, Feb'y 25th and 26th, were quite well attended, the greater portion of the audience seemed to be town people. Those who took part in the program deserve the highest praise for the very attractive manner in which they performed their parts. The singing and instrumental renditions should receive special mention, but we feel to deeply our inability to do justice to the accomplished artists. The following papers were read, also interesting papers, which we are unable to reproduce, were read:

"THE ADVANTAGES OF FARM LIFE,"
(By Mrs. M. Wright.)

We have studied this question from the standpoint, "What would add to the pleasure, profit and improvement of the farmer and his family?"

Farming was the first business, and is the parent of all other business. Not only does the farm supply food for the world, timber for building, ores, metals, fuels, etc., but from the farm comes the raw material for the supply of almost all human wants. Therefore we must acknowledge that "we are all pensioners of the farm." The needs of the farmer is a subject of grave moment to the husbandman. Why, bless you, we have been nearly forty years trying to convince one small farmer of the many advantages he is possessed of, and the many more he might enjoy by following our advice.

You have heard the old law, "If a woman will, she will"; you may depend on it just as emphatic that if man won't, he won't; and so there is a bit of slip-shod farming done a few miles west of Emporium.

Practical agriculture owes much to the investigations and researches of modern chemistry. Let us remember that no science, as well as no scripture, is of private interpretation, my brother farmer. Take advantage of present opportunities; fill the question box to its fullest capacity; the Professors will be glad to impart all asked for information. Ask them if we shall have graded schools in the country; a question of more importance than many people think; it is one that needs our careful consideration and study. I am well aware that much may be said both for and against abolishing our small schools, and incorporating them into graded ones. To our mind no better law has been passed in the State toward establishing a higher education than the township high school system. What is to be feared for our schools, more than anything else, is that they will sink in moral efficiency, will be regarded simply in their material advantages; this, however, rests in a measure, with the people.

To-day the little town of Shippen enjoys free mail delivery, and so should every rural district in the State enjoy the same service. What right have our city people to have their mail delivered three times a day to their homes, when the people in rural districts get none unless they go for it? It has been said that agriculture is the foundation of industry in all bodies politic. If that be true, why is it that farmers receive so little consideration at the hands of our government? Some farmers become absolutely isolated, and their families are gradually cut off from intercourse with the outside world. The mind soon moves in a contracted circle, as well as the body, and the whole nature is narrowed, and at last becomes unfitted for anything beyond the petty details of barnyard and kitchen work. Anything that will break up this indomitable seclusion should be greatly welcomed by the farmer and freely accorded by our government.

The home is the heart of the nation; therefore is worthy of thoughtful consideration. From the home trend we develop many important advantages for the farmer and his family. Our homes are what we make them; they should be happy and progressive. Between the home set up in Eden and the home before us in eternity, stands the homes of earth in long succession. Book and farmer are no longer synonymous terms. Brains pay as well and are as applicable in the farmer's home as anywhere. Nobility of mind or character, is not a whit less noble in the wheat field than in the counting room or at the bar. Among no class of people is home more important than among farmers. Necessity is the mother of invention, and so the necessity laid upon the women of the farms, forces them to develop an aptitude for doing and caring for many things. Now we have a distaste for the romance of farm life. I know there is much said, and more written, about the independent, joyous life on the farm; how a farmer's wife lives near to natures heart, and has the advantage of fresh morning air, the beauties of the sun-rise, etc. With all due deference to those writers, I think this sun-rise business is a little overdone. I am sure there are a few of us, at least, who would be willing to let the sun rise alone, in his glory, occasionally, while we took another nap, could we do so. Another picture: "The rosy cheeked milk maid," the magnificent scene, so sweetly pretty; you can almost hear the twitter of the robins, and the song of the sky-lark, her little feet brushing the diamonds off the grass as she trips lightly along. A pretty chromo to please the eye, but the reality is, wet ankles, draggled skirts, and aching arms. The golden hued butter, so often quoted when extoling farm industries, is too often the medium of exchange for a few pounds of brown sugar, a box of matches, the rest in tobacco. Ah! my friends, there are prose as well as poetry in the matter of farm life. But, having put our hands to the plow, let there be no turning back. We need by sheer force of heart and mind to rise above what is distasteful and monotonous in our lives.

We might call your attention to many things that would enhance the pleasures and add to the profit of the farm. Our church, social and market privileges are wonderfully retarded by bad roads. A country road, like every other piece of human work, is either good or bad, just in proportion to the amount of sense and ingenuity that has been put into its construction. Traffic between farm and market is costly and uncertain; with scant loads our farmers struggle through miles of mire, every mud hole is an impassable slough of despond. The road and the wagon are twin handmaidens of agriculture that attend the farmer on every journey to market, and they are forever at odds with each other. If the man who sold the farmer that wagon had tried to sell him that road, homicide would have become a virtue. Good roads bring us closer together, drives out gloom, makes neighbors of hermits. Let us remember that all riches came from the ground, and no nation ever became great whose farmers were not great, and remembering these things, let us try to bring the city and country a little closer together by having better roads. You may think this question of roads should be tabooed by a lady or that she may have little interest therein. Good sir, the question of the condition of the roads has brought more disappointments and heart-aches to the farmer's wife than the husbandman's finances. What pleasure is there in a pretty or expensive toilet, if she cannot reach the outside world, and invite the envy of her less fortunant sisters by an ample display of her gewgaws? We may not be able to tell you just how to construct a good road, but would suggest that a good road was never made with three ditches, one on each side, the other in the middle. About the laziest spectacle we ever witnessed in men was when they were working out their taxes on the road, and are not surprised that their effort suggested the disreputable trinity of bungle, blunder and botch.

Our highways have cost us thousands of dollars, but little thought. And while our brains have been gathering wool in distant pastures our money has turned into mud. I never had the heart to blame a balky horse when I saw him overloaded, driven over an almost impassable road; it is his one solitary method of filing an objection. The only beast that was ever known to talk is said to have called Mr. Balaam's attention to the bad going.

Legislation can draft no law suitable to all sections. Legislation will not make good roads so long as you are careless in the selection of supervisors. If we are taxing ourselves by a useless custom, let us be rid of it, for nothing enhances the value of farm lands more than good roads. I think if you give careful thought to this subject, "The advantages of farm life," all will admit that poor roads is the bar put up to our everlasting disadvantage. So we must conclude, in order to have good roads, the man and money must be had together, and that the money is not the difficult part. Mend your ways, gentlemen, and let it never be said that that man was a Cameron county farmer who left, as his last will, a sealed document containing the impressive words: "I owe much, I have nothing, I give the rest to the poor."

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ADVANTAGES OF A FARMER'S BOY.

PAPER READ BY JOSIAH HOWARD, ESQ., AT THE FARMERS' INSTITUTE, EMPORIUM, PA., FEB. 26, 1901.

Advantage means superiority of state or position. It seems impossible that the life or condition of the farmer's boy should be superior to that of a boy in any other walk of life, and at first I did not know whether the assignment of this difficult subject to me was a compliment, or as a makeshift, but nevertheless the statement is true, even if I do not have the ability to make the reasons clear.

How the farming community can have furnished the world with its best lawyers, best doctors, best ministers, mechanics and business men for thousands of years, besides sending what she supposes to be the best half of her population to fill up the cities and still have the sons of those who went out, even into the highest walks of life, seems impossible.

It certainly is wonderful that boys surrounded by the accumulated knowledge of centuries and reared in the midst of living examples of success and failure, with both an educational and financial start, should fall behind the boy who apparently had no start at all.

Why is it? There is only one answer; God has blessings to bestow which are fundamental, and which education and money alone, can neither equal, nor duplicate, nor successfully counterfeit.

If a farmer or a doctor or a mechanic has a boy whom he considers particularly bright and capable, his parents want to make a lawyer out of that boy, and there is no doubt that the legal profession has the pick of boys from all classes of the people and that they are as well, or better, educated than any other class.

So you would naturally think that lawyers' sons would take all the first prizes in manufactures, commerce, arts and governmental positions, but they don't; they hold much less than one-half of them, while it is said farmers' sons fill sixty per cent. of the first places in the United States.

It is the same old story of the rabbit running a race with a turtle and the turtle won because the rabbit thought God had made it impossible for the turtle to beat him, but God ordains that Right shall always triumph in the end.

It is only a weak, silly woman who would place her lazy indifferent boy ahead of her neighbor's careful, industrious and capable son.

The first farmer was the first man and God placed him in a garden capable of supplying him with food for his family and his cattle and told him to dress it and care for it.

We all have a garden and should all be caretakers, then God will surely give us the increase, for never did boys have a better chance in the world than to-day.

The farmer's boy helps take care of the stock and knows that God never intended the strong to crowd out and trample down the weak and this sense of justice grows with him and shines like a star through all his life.

He helps cultivate the potatoes and learns that a row that is only half hoed yields only half a crop and this teaches him to be thorough and industrious. He lives in the sunshine, hunts woodchucks, drives cows and cuts wood, and in so doing lays up a supply of health, independence and muscle that stay with him.

He is protected from the follies and depravities of city life until he is old enough to withstand them. This life of purity, industry and justice is God's kind of a life and cannot be duplicated or counterfeited.

We all need it and must grow in it if we expect the blessings of health, prosperity and peace; but unless we recognize these qualities as the fundamental principles of superiority, the farmer's boy will continue to get the larger share of life's rewards.

They say "the face is an index of the mind and heart." Our hearts and minds are influenced by our habits, and our habits are very much effected by our surroundings.

In the country a boy looks on nature's pictures and they are grand. All the world seems lovely, orderly and inspiring only to high and noble attainments, and the boys with their wide open eyes and round healthy faces show the cheerful confidence of souls that know they are going to be men.

Now look at the city boy. Unless he has good parents, no restrictions are placed on his conduct; he seldom sees the sun rise and is too busy to watch the moon come over the top of the hill. He has no wood to chop or errands to run at regular hours. As he becomes older, labor is performed only as a necessity, and as fast as wages are earned they are spent; schools or public libraries are not patronized. The sensational, crime recording, untruthful Saturday journals furnish the only standard of life and society he gets, while the open temptation to use tobacco and strong drink leads him on to profanity and obscene stories.

Possibly under all these adverse circumstances the boy will have some redeeming qualities, but his face will grow hard and the chances are largely against him.

It takes years to form character, years to mould the expression of a face because the association with nature is better than it is with town life, but if the country boy gets to reading the misleading, sensational Saturday papers and continues to absorb the stories of brutal prize fights and crime in all its varied details, his face and character will lose the advantages he now holds over the boys of all other classes.

Farm life is best, but the opening of public parks, endowment of churches, schools and hospitals by the government and private individuals, with the lack of good roads and good churches in the country, has made the town life look best.

The tide is changing. The world is beginning to realize that city life is only poor copies of pictures in the sky; while steam heat and electric light are only imitations of sunshine and a good climate, and rich men are beginning to spend some of their money in country districts and endow the little school house and church where they were born, instead of leaving it all to hospitals and public parks in the cities.

If my remarks have contributed the smallest degree of inspiration for better health, better morals or a more firm belief in the justice and infalibility of God's laws with a desire to follow in them, then my task will have been well done.

## EXCURSION NOTICES.

### Low Rates West.

Commencing February 12, and every Tuesday thereafter until April 30, 1901, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co. will sell tickets to points in North Dakota, Minnesota, Idaho, Colorado, Utah, Oregon, Washington and British Columbia, at greatly reduced rates. For the benefit of settlers. For full information call on or address W. S. Howell, G. E. P. A., 381 Broadway, New York, or John R. Pott, D. P. A., 810 Park Building, Pittsburg, Pa. 49-12t

### Homeseekers' Excursions.

On the first and third Tuesdays of February, March, April, May and June the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co. will sell Homeseekers' Excursion tickets from Chicago to points in Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, Wyoming, Colorado, Idaho, Minnesota, South Dakota, North Dakota, Montana, Utah, Oregon, Washington and British Columbia, at rate of one fare, plus two dollars, for the round trip, good for twenty-one days. For full particulars call on or address W. S. Howell, G. E. P. A., 381 Broadway, New York, or John R. Pott, D. P. A., 810 Park Building, Pittsburg, Pa. 49-21t

### The Election Returns Show

That the Lackawanna Railroad has been elected Americas most comfortable Railroad. If the result of election suited you, take a trip on the Lackawanna with your family; if it went the other way, get even by taking a little journey, and forget your troubles. Remember Lackawanna Agents can sell you tickets to any point in Greater America. Excursion rates are now in effect to all Southern resorts, Cuba, Florida and the Pacific Coast. If you want to know all about your proposed trip, call on nearest D. L. & W. R. R. Agent, or write Fred P. Fox, Div. Pass. Agent, Buffalo, N. Y. 37-tf

### Shippen School Board.

Regular meeting Shippen School Board, held March 2d. Called to order by Hon. F. X. Blumle, President.

Present: Messrs. Blumle, Dixon, King, Ostrum. Absent: Messrs. Peters, Spence.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

Moved by Mr. Dixon, seconded by Mr. King, that the following bills be paid:

May Moon, 1 cord wood, window glass,.....$2 25
T. Lyons, 2 cords wood,..... 2 20
Emporium school bill when corrected.
W. R. Johnson, conveying children, 19 days,..... 21 66

Moved by Mr. Dixon, seconded by Mr. King, that Sec'y draw orders for conveying children if bills be presented. Carried.

Mr. Chas. King was authorized to put in one day looking after children that are staying away from school.

On motion board adjourned.

N. A. OSTRUM, Sec'y.

An exchange gives this excellent bit of advise: Young man, when you are courting your best girl don't make too many promises. Don't say "these little hands will never do a stroke of work when you are mine, you shall have nothing to do in our house but sit all day and chirp to the canaries," as if any sensible woman could be happy fooling away time in that sort of style. A girl has a fine retentive memory for the soft things and silly promises of courtship. Occasionally in after years, when she is bending over the wash tub or patching the west end of your trousers, she will remind you of them in a cold, sarcastic tone of voice.


**WANTED!**

Reliable man for Manager of Branch Office we wish to open in this vicinity. If your record is O. K. here is an opportunity. Kindly give good reference when writing.

THE A. T. MORRIS WHOLESALE HOUSE,
Cincinnati, Ohio.
Illustrated catalogue 4cts stamps.
46-12t.

**Get an Education**

An exceptional opportunity offered to young men and young women to prepare for teaching or for business. Four regular courses; also special work in Music, Shorthand, Typewriting. Strong teaching force, well graded work, good discipline and hard study, insure best results to students of

**Central State Normal School**

LOCK HAVEN, Clinton Co., PA.

Handsome buildings perfectly equipped, steam heat, electric lights, abundance of pure mountain water, extensive campus and athletic grounds. Expenses low. Send for catalog.

J. P. FLICKINGER, Principal,
Central State Normal School,
LOCK HAVEN, PA.

**HAIR-HEALTH**

The sale of three million bottles of this elegant hair dressing in the United States and Great Britain in 1899 proves that it has surpassing merit and does all that is claimed for it.

HAY'S
**Hair-Health**
has been a blessing to thousands who have become gray or bald. **Hay's Hair-Health** is a healthful hair food, restoring youthful color and beauty to gray and faded hair. Removes and prevents dandruff and stops falling and breaking of the hair. **It is not a dye,** and positively will not discolor the scalp, hands or clothing, and its use cannot be detected by your best friend.

Prevents hair falling after sea bathing or much perspiration.

**One Bottle Does It.**

HAY'S HAIR-HEALTH

LARGE 50c. BOTTLES

**EVERY BOTTLE WARRANTED**
to restore gray, white or faded hair to youthful color and life. It acts on the roots, giving them the required nourishment and positively produces luxuriant thick hair on bald heads.

***"Not a Gray Hair Left,"***
the testimony of hundreds using it. **Hay's Hair-Health** is a dainty dressing and a necessary adjunct to every toilet, and unlike other preparations, has healthful action on the roots of the hair, causing the hair to regain its original color, whether black, brown or golden.

**At Leading Druggists.**

**FREE SOAP Offer** *Good for 25c. cake HARFINA SOAP.*

Cut out and sign this Coupon in five days and take it to any of the following druggists, and they will give you a large bottle of **Hay's Hair-Health** and a 25c. cake of **Harfina Medicated Soap,** the best **soap** you can use for Hair, Scalp, Complexion, Bath and Toilet, both for **Fifty** cents; regular retail price, 75 cents. This offer is good once only to same family, **redeemed by leading druggists everywhere at their shops only,** or by the **LONDON SUPPLY CO., 853 Broadway, New York,** either with or without soap, by express, prepaid, in plain sealed package on receipt of 60c. and this coupon.

NAME,.....
ADDRESS,.....

**GUARANTEE** Any person purchasing Hay's Hair-Health anywhere in the United States, who has not been benefited, may have his money back by addressing LONDON SUPPLY CO., 853 Broadway, New York. *Remember the names, "Hay's Hair-Health" and "Harfina Soap." Refuse all substitutes. Insist on having H. H.*

Following druggists supply Hay's Hair-Health and Harfina Soap in their shops only:

L. TAGGART, Emporium, Pa.

**CASTORIA**

for Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments, and endanger the health of Children—Experience against Experiment.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

C. G. SCHMIDT'S,
HEADQUARTERS FOR
Popular Bakery,
FRESH BREAD,
PIES,
FANCY CAKES,
ICE CREAM,
NUTS
CONFECTIONERY
Daily Delivery.
All orders given prompt and skillful attention.

**You Get the Profits**

Under our plan of selling carriages, buggies, and harness, *you* get the profits. The jobber and retailer are cut out. By dealing direct with the manufacturer, you pay only the cost of making with a moderate profit added; and you take your choice from the biggest stock and fullest assortment. Our plan of

**Selling Carriages Direct**

insures satisfaction—your money back if you are dissatisfied. Our complete illustrated catalogue, showing many styles of high grade vehicles, harness, robes, blankets and horse equipments, with detailed descriptions of each, mailed free.

THE COLUMBUS CARRIAGE AND HARNESS CO.,
Box 772, Columbus, Ohio.

No. 2034—Buggy. Price, $38.50, with leather quarter top.

No. 240—Single Strap Buggy Harness. Price, $7.95.

EMPORIUM
*MILLING COMPANY.*

PRICE LIST.
Emporium, Pa., Jan. 14, 1901.

| | |
|---|---|
| NEMOPHILA, per sack | $1 20 |
| Graham, " | 60 |
| Rye " | 60 |
| Buckwheat, " | 75 |
| Patent Meal, " | 45 |
| Coarse Meal, per 100, | 1 10 |
| Chop Feed, " | 1 10 |
| White Middlings, " | 1 10 |
| Bran, " | 1 10 |
| Corn, per bushel, | 60 |
| White Oats, per bushel, | 40 |
| Choice Clover Seed, Choice Timothy Seed, Choice Millet Seed, Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass, | At Market Prices. |

R. C. DODSON,
—THE—
**Druggist,**
EMPORIUM, PA.
IS LOCATED IN THE CORNER STORE.
At Fourth and Chestnut Sts..

Only the purest drugs are good for sick people. They can't afford to experiment. You may safely trust your prescriptions with us. We make a specialty of this work and are proud of the success we have achieved.

Doctors appreciate the care and accuracy with which their prescriptions are compounded and that accounts for our large trade.

R. C. DODSON.

## LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

### PERSONAL GOSSIP.

*Contributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by postal card, or letter, personally.*

J. L. Fobert spent Sunday at St. Marys.

W. G. Bair and wife are in Buffalo this week.

Wesley Barr, of Gibson, was in Emporium on Monday.

Mrs. A. C. Blum is visiting a sister at Portland Mills.

Mr. George Guinn was a welcome PRESS caller on Monday.

Rev. J. M. Johnston, of Austin, was in Emporium on Monday.

Mrs. E. C. Davison is visiting her old home at Chambersburg.

Wm. McDonald and family visited friends at Johnsonburg on Sunday.

Jos. DeLong was circulating among his friends in town on Saturday last.

Mrs. P. H. Fitzpatrick and son, of Pittsburg, are visiting friends in town.

Dr. Bardwell, Dr. Baker and A. M. Matteson were callers at the PRESS office this morning.

N. Seger left last Sunday evening for New York city to purchase his spring stock of clothing.

Clyde Fossnot, editor of the Watsontown Record and Star, spent Sunday in Emporium, guest of George Guinn and wife.

F. L. McLees, clerk at M. A. Rockwell's drug store, spent Sunday with his family as Lock Haven.

Rev. Father Cosgrove, of Smethport, and Rev. Father Zubryeski, of Adrian, were guests of Rev. Father Downey, Monday.

C. J. Miller, of Mason Hill, was in Emporium on Tuesday. Mr. Miller took time to call and see the printers. Call again, we are always glad to see you.

Howard Guinn, of McEwensville, Pa., who has just returned from an extended trip through the west, visited his brother, Geo. Guinn and wife over Sunday.

M. J. B. Brooks, of Driftwood, Cameron county, and son Waldo, of Pittsburg, were guests yesterday afternoon of T. R. Williams and family, of Fifth street. The former is a U. S. Mail clerk on the Low Grade division of the Allegheny Valley railroad, a prominent Republican politician in his day, and one of the greatest "fly" fishermen on the Sinnamahoning.—Beaver Times.

### High School Literary Society.

Program of March 1st, 1901.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

Recitation,.....Alvira Farr
Piano Solo,.....Iva Leet
Select Reading,.....Mazie Gallagher

DEBATE.

Resolved: Life in the city is preferable to life in the country.

| Affirmative. | Negative. |
|---|---|
| Bertha Dinger, | Grace Metzger, |
| Nellie Lingle. | John Heilman. |

General debate.....
Judges' decision: Favor of negative.
Judges: Misses Van Valkenberg, Bonham, Collins.
Adjournment.

The increasing interest in these meetings proves them to be a great benefit to the school. A cordial invitation is extended to all. Meetings held every Friday afternoon at the Columbus school building.

## LOCAL NOTICES.

This week and next new goods will pour into N. Seger's store.

Just received at Balcom & Lloyd's "Salada" Ceylon Tea. Wholesome and delicious.

Canned Pine Apple in chunks, packed in Singapore, at Balcom & Lloyd's. Very Fine.

**Zinc and Grinding Make**
Devoe Lead and Zinc Paint wear twice as long as lead and oil mixed by hand. tf

Just been to the city buying my stock of spring and summer clothing and the new styles and patterns are simply fine, and the prices are extremely moderate.
N. SEGER.

N. Seger is delighted and so will you be when you see the elegant and attractive line of goods he purchased while in New York city.

SHAW'S PURE MALT has a marvelous dietetic value. While refreshing and pleasant to take, it helps assimila- of food.
Sold by F. X. Blumle, Emporium, Pa. n2-yl

BOB SLEDS—I have seven pair of new and first-class Bob Sleds, of my own manufacture, that I shall dispose of at a BARGAIN. First come, first served.
C. L. BUTLER,
51-3t Emporium, Pa.

CHANCE TO EARN MONEY.—We want one good agent in Emporium to solicit and deliver goods for us. Good commission to agent, big presents to buyers. Give it a trial; you'll be surprised how faet you can work up a trade if you hustle. Address, Grand Union Tea Co., Williamsport, Pa. 2-2t

### Emporium School Board.

Stated meeting of Emporium School Board met at City Hall, March 4, 1901.

Present: Messrs. L. K. Huntington, B. Egan, T. F. Moore, W. S. Walker.
Absent: Messrs. F. P. Rentz and J. D. Marshall.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

On motion the matter of change of valuation of John Lacy was laid on the table.

Moved by L. K. Huntington that the resolution passed May 4, 1899, exempting the Iron Works property from taxation for school purposes be recinded and the assessment of said property be placed on tax duplicate for 1901. Motion carried.

Moved by B. Egan that a committee of three (one from each ward) be appointed to consider the purchasing of cases for the Commercial collection procured for us by our representative, Mr. Blumle. Motion carried. The chair appointed W. S. Walker, B. Egan and L. K. Huntington.

Moved by Mr. Egan that the vacancy on the board caused by the election of J. D. Marshall to the council, be filled by the member from the East ward. Motion carried.

The following bills were ordered paid:

| | |
|---|---|
| American Book Co., books, | $48 91 |
| R. C. Dodson, Sulphur, | 2 08 |
| The Prang Educational Co., drawing paper, &c., | 3 80 |
| Roberts & Meck, tablets, &c., | 31 26 |
| Emporium Water Co., | 45 00 |
| F. G. Judd & Co., insurance on piano, | 2 00 |
| Freight, express, and drayage on books, &c., | 6 19 |
| Total, | $139 24 |

Moved by Mr. Egan that law in regard to vaccination of children attending school be enforced. Motion carried.

Prof. Bastian was present and made report for 5th month of school.

On motion the board adjourned.
W. S. WALKER, Sec'y.

### BRIEF MENTION.

Miss Grace Walker will render a violin solo in the Star Course entertainment next Saturday evening.

The robbin made his appearance in this locality last Sunday. He is certainly entitled to the worm.

The committee appointed by the Firemen's Association to collect money to defray the expenses of the firemen's convention, will make their collection on Tuesday, March, 12. It is hoped that all subscribers will be prepared to meet them and cause the committee as little delay as possible.

***To Cure a Cold in One Day***

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c. 26ly

### Letter to R. Warner.

Emporium, Pa.

Dear Sir: One coat of Devoe is better than two of mixed paint.

The American House at Tannersville (Catskill Mts.), N. Y., Chas. L. Wiltse, had two coats of mixed paint five years ago; last spring had two more coats of the same.

Owner was going to use Devoe but got his mixed paint a few cents less.

Right across the street, Chas. Haner painted one coat of Devoe at the same time—last spring.

The point of the story is that Wiltse is sorry already. He has learned something that not one man in a thousand knows—that a gallon of one kind of paint can contain twice as much paint as a gallon of another kind of paint.

You can't afford to put on another paint even if you have it given to you. At the same time, you see, that Mixed Paint appears to have worn five years—give the devil his due.

Yours truly,
24 F. W DEVOE & Co.

If you want a Boarder,
Advertise in the PRESS.

### Borough Council.

Continued from 1st Page.

pledge, but the whole point of issue resolves itself into this one question: shall we live up to our plainly expressed agreement with the Iron Company?

I believe that we cannot afford to do otherwise.

E. O. BARDWELL, Burgess.

Emporium, Pa., March 4, 1901.

Adjourned meeting Borough Council, Feb. 28th 1901.

Present—Messrs. Schweikart, Howard, Burke, Catlin, Murry, Strayer.

Absent—Shafer, Lloyd, Murphy.

The committee on street lights was discharged.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Murry, that Borough Attorney be instructed to bring a suit in the nane of the Borough against the owners of the property where Mrs. Elizabeth Watts was injured by a fall on the sidewalk, to recover the money paid to said Mrs. Watts for injuries sustained. Carried. The committee in this matter was then discharged.

On motion duly carried the following bills were ordered paid:

| | |
|---|---|
| C. J. Vogt, work on streets, | $1.50 |
| Jas. Bailey, work on streets, | 1.50 |
| T. Radigan, work on streets, | 60 |
| John Kelly, work on streets, | 1 50 |
| E. Morrical, work on streets, | .60 |
| A. Chapman, work on streets, | .75 |
| Willis Heviland, work, streets, | .60 |
| T. Cavanaugh, work, streets, | .75 |
| Independent, printing, | 17.50 |
| Press, printing, | 21.50 |
| C. J. Goodnough, Secretary, | 50.00 |
| Green & Shaffer, retainer, | 1900,15.00 |

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Burke, that refunding order be given John Lacey for 60 cents on account of an over assessment. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Burke, that orders be drawn for the appropriations heretofore made to the several fire companies for 1900, in sum of $100 for each company. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Howasd, seconded by Mr. Burke, that $20 addition to the amount heretofore allowed, be allowed Tax Collector as exonerations for 1898 making a total amount of Borough exonerations allowed for 1898,—$70 and the balance claimed, $4.44 be not allowed. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Murry, seconded by Mr. Burke, that bills be made and collected for cleaning sidewalks in accordance with list filed. Carried.

Certificate of result of election in matter of increasing indebtedness read and ordered filed.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Burke that Street Commissioner and Policeman be notified that their term of office expires with first Monday of March next. Carried.

On motion the Council then adjourned.

C. JAY GOODNOUGH, Sec'y.

This comes from Sistersville. The Review tells it: A young lady attending church Sunday evening, sat directly behind a tall, handsomely dressed stranger who had a piece of raveling hanging over his collar. Being one of those generous-hearted, whole souled girls who grow to be motherly old ladies, a friend of everybody in town, she thought how glad she whould be if she could do as much for her father if he should come to church with a raveling hanging down his back, so when the audience arose from prayer she concluded to pick it off. Carefully raising her hand she gave it a little twitch, but there was more of it than she supposed and a foot or two of it appeared. Setting her teeth she gave another pull and about a yard of that horrid thread hung down his back. This was getting embarrassing, but being determined she gave another yank and discovered that she was unraveling his undershirt. Her embarrassment was so painful that chloroform could not alleviate her suffering nor a pint of powner hide her blushes, when the gentleman turned with an inquiring look to see what was tickling his neck.

*E W Grove*

This signature is on every box of the genuine **Laxative Bromo-Quinine** Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

### Cameron.

*Editor Press:—*

The ground hog didn't fool us this time.

Roy Smith is visiting relatives at Huntley.

A. E. Jenks visited Emporium Saturday last.

G. L. Page and E. F. Comley are on the sick list.

Ed. Lininger transacted business at Emporium Monday.

M. Phoenix transacted business at the county seat Wednesday.

Alex. Schwab bas moved to Weedville where he is now employed.

I. D. Spencer of Winslow, Pa., was in town Wednesday on business.

L. C. Condric moved his family from Black Pole to this place last week.

Mrs. F. L. Morse of Emporium is guest of Wm. McVain and family here.

F. Gennie left Wednesday morning for Johnsonburg where he expects to find employment.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Fox of Jersey Shore are visiting with W. H. Morse and family at this place.

Misses Jennie Yocum and Rose Lord visited at Sinnamahoning this week, the guests of Emery Dininney and family.

COLE.

## ALL AROUND THE COUNTY.

### Rich Valley.

*Editor Press:—*

The sick are still improving.

Miss Flossie Housler was a visitor in the Valley on Monday.

Mrs. Wilbert Lewis visited her father at Elk Fork last week.

Miss Crystal Housler visited friends in this part of the Valley this week.

The lectures by Miss Wilcox, at the church last week, were largely attended.

Mark Goodwin, Fred Pepper and A. C. Goodwin went on a hunting expedition on Monday.

C. J. keep your eye on that Jacksonville boy. What time did you get home last Friday morning?

Miss Alda O. Carter and Messrs. W. Putman and C. J. Craven visited Sizerville Sunday afternoon, returning in the evening.

MAGGIE.

‡ ‡

### Wyside.

*Editor Press:—*

The "pigs ears" have commenced business up First Fork.

Miss Rose Lord of Cameron is visiting friends at this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hix are the happy parents of a young son.

Sinnamahoning and Wyside will be quite lively in the spring.

The ground hog had his weather report made out correctly this year.

"Fame" Brooks, who died in the Warren hospital, was brought home Saturday for burial.

The next enterprise is a band which will be fully organized as soon as the instruments arrive.

Bert Lightner, who has been out West for some time, came home last week. He likes Pennsylvania best.

The oyster supper on the 22d was a success. The Bees of W. C. 136, P. O. S. of A., know how to give all a good time.

The young friends of Miss Phoebe DeShelter gave her a surprise party last Friday evening. A pleasant time is reported by all.

Barclay Bro's have a large force of men at work reparing their mill, getting ready for a big cut of lumber the coming season—about 16,000,000 feet.

W. J. Meade and Chas. E. Shafer, of the 37th U. S. Inft., have arrived home from Manila, P. I., where they have seen active service for about two years. They are both well and hearty and say it is a good country, and not unhealthy if men would let the native liquor alone. Carp Meade is 12 lbs. heavier than when he enlisted and says he wouldn't mind re-enlisting, if it wasn't so far from home. D. B. Beldin and Jas. W. Wykoff, two more of the 37th will be home in a few days as they have tarried to visit friends on the way; all are well and hearty and report having enjoyed the service as well as could be expected. Mr. Meade brought with him several weapons of war from the Islands, also a number of articles showing the skill of the workmen there. He possesses recommendations from the officers which speak in high terms of his services. He visited Wm. Shares of the 18th U. S. Infantry, who is another Wyside boy, and reports Comrad Shares as liking the service and says he will make it his permanent occupation.

‡ ‡

### Sinnamahoning.

*Editor Press:—*

The repairs on Barclay Bro's mill are nearing completion and in about a week more the saw-dust will be flying again.

The many friends of the venerable and genial Ike Barber will be glad to learn that he has returned from Oklahoma, where he went some time ago to "grow up with the country."

Charles E. Shafer and Jack Meade arrived on Thursday of last week from the Philippines. The boys are looking well and do not appear to have suffered much from their associations with Uncle Sam.

H. B. Lightner, who went to Montana last fall, has, like the cat, come back, pretty thoroughly disgusted with the "wild and woolly west." Besides, Pennsylvania has an attraction too strong for Bert to resist.

F. A. M. E. Brooks, at one time well and favorably known to the people of Cameron county, died at Warren on Friday of last week of consumption. The remains were brought to this place and the funeral occurred on Sunday, Rev. M. C. Piper, of M. E. Church, officiating.

O. L. Bailey is gaining quite a reputation as a local physician, but he has one patient in whom he has failed to build up a normal appetite. He says what Mike eats would not keep a chicken alive and he doubts whether a whole flock of turkeys would live under the pressure.

JOE.

**Strikes a Rich Find.**

"I was troubled for several years with chronic indigestion and nervous debility," writes F. J. Green, of Lancaster, N. H. "No remedy helped me until I began using Electric Bitters, which did me more good than all the medicines I ever used. They have also kept my wife in excellent health for years. She says Electric Bitters are just splendid for female troubles; that they are a grand tonic and invigorator for weak run down women. No other medicine can take its place in our family." Try them. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by L. Taggart. Mar

MALAGA GRAPES, GRAPE FRUIT, CRANBERRIES,
**DAY'S**
SWEET POTATOES, CELERY, LETTUCE.

PROMPT SERVICE. ABSOLUTE RELIABILITY.

Shrewd buyers will do well to watch, not only our Special Sales, but our store in general. We are constantly on the watch for new goods which we think will please our patrons. Any suggestion for improvement will be carefully considered.

SPECIAL THIS WEEK.

LAUNDRY ARTICLES—Key Soap, 2½c cake. Liquid Bluing, large bottles, per bottle, 8c. Bulk Starch, pure, 6lbs. 25c.
ARBUCLES COFFEE, per lb. 12½c.
DAVIS' O. K. BAKING POWDER, 1lb. can, per can, 18c.
BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, per one-eighth bbl. sk. 70c.
RICE, broken kernel, good cooker, 4c lb.

**BUTTER** If you want the very best obtainable, try our Elmwood Creamery. This is not cold storage goods, but fresh made every week at Elgin, Ill. Price this week, one pound prints, per lb. 29c.

**CRACKERS** Always fresh and reliable. If you find them different, return and get your money back. A new line of Wafers and Biscuit in packages, just in.

ASK FOR PRATT'S FOOD.

Telephone 6, Fourth St. J. H. DAY.

**Emporium Furniture Co.**

WE GUARANTEE TO PLEASE YOU. GIVE US A CALL.

Scientific Embalming! Funeral Directing!!
$36. FINE BROADCLOTH CASKET, FUNERAL CAR AND SERVICES, $36.
*RESIDENCE UP STAIRS. OPEN ALL NIGHT.*

Remember the place, next door to the
ODD FELLOWS BLOCK.

THE EMPORIUM FURNITURE COMPANY,
BERNARD EGAN, Manager,
EMPORIUM. - - - PA.

C. B. HOWARD & CO. | C. B. HOWARD & CO.

**Carpets** We have just received our new spring line of carpet samples and they are the finest we have ever had. We get our carpets direct from the manufacturer and thus save the jobbers profit which we give to our customers. We can give you a better quality at a smaller price than any other house in town.

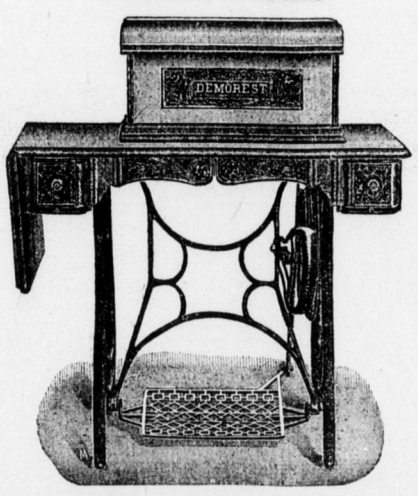
**Rugs** The finest and cheapest line of Rugs ever displayed in Emporium, can now be seen at our store. Come at once and get your choice as they will not last long at the prices we are selling them.

**Dry Goods** Our Dry Goods and Notion Department is well stocked with the latest Dress Goods, Linings, Corsets, Gloves and in fact everything that can be bought at a first class Dry Goods Store.

We are agents for the DEMOREST Sewing Machines which are conceded by competent judges to be the equal of any high priced machine on the market. When thinking of buying a machine call and see our Demorests and you will have us send one to your home.

Prices from $19.50 to $25.00.
Liberal Terms.

DEMOREST




DEMOREST DEMOREST

C. B. HOWARD & COMPANY.

## THE SONG OF THE HOE.

(Written in a Potato Patch.)

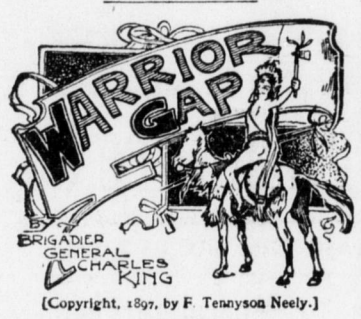
"Chug, chug, bring us the jug,
Master is dry with toil;
Many a sultry hour he's dug,
Coaxing the sullen soil:
But his brow must sweat and his arms grow weary,
All for the love of his tots and dearie;
And his dreams are swift if his step be slow."
This was the hum of the weary hoe,
All of a summer's day.

"Chugity, chug, chugity, chink!
Now that was the sound of a stone, I think;
But there's many a stone on which to catch
In life's half-acre potato-patch;
Chugity, chinkety, one more row."
This was the merry lilt of the hoe,
All of a sultry day.

"Chug, swish; Oh how I wish
That the sun would tumble faster;
For I almost crack with the weight on my back
Of the hand of my sturdy master!
But ah! he has measured the length of my shade,
He is cleaning the clay from my ringing blade,
And now for the cottage that we well know."
This was the cry of the happy hoe,
Under the fading day.

"Chug, chink, the calm stars blink;
Night hath many charms;
Master is dreaming of me, I think,
Wrapped in his fond wife's arms:
And a wee, pink hand is clutching tight
The tin horse bought with our toil to-night;
'Tis the weaker arm that makes me go."
This was the droning dream of the hoe,
Until the east was gray.

—John G. Neihardt, in Youth's Companion.




[Copyright, 1897, by F. Tennyson Neely.]

CHAPTER XVII.—CONTINUED.

"You're right. Look!" was Dean's sudden answer, for at the very instant there rode boldly, calmly into full view two young Indians, who with cool deliberation came jogging on at gentle speed, straight toward the concealed bivouac of the troopers. Instantly Bruce reached for his carbine, and two or three of the men went sliding or crouching backward down the slope as though in quest of their arms. Full eight hundred yards away were the riders at the moment, coming side by side in apparent unconcern.

"Don't," muttered Dean, with hand outstretched. "They look anything but hostile."

"That's when they're most likely to be full of hell, sir," was the prompt answer. "See! others are watching behind that knoll," and indeed as Bruce declared, a feather-decked head or two could be detected through the glass, peering over the summit.

"Warn them to halt, then," cried Dean. "But we cannot fire unless they provoke it."

Bruce was on his feet in a second. Standing erect and facing straight toward the coming pair, he raised his right hand, palm to the front, to the full length of his arm, and slowly motioned "stand." Every plainsman knows the signal. In well-acted surprise the Indians reined their ponies flat back, and, shading their eyes with their hands a moment, remained motionless. Then as with one accord, each tossed aside his rifle, and one of them further lifted high and displayed a revolver. This, too, he tossed out on the turf, and now with both arms bare and extended on high, with empty hands outspread, they slowly advanced as though saying: "See, we are without arms. We come as brothers."

But the sergeant never hesitated. Almost on tiptoe he repeated the signal "halt," and half turned imploringly to his officer.

"It's all a bluff, sir. They want to crawl upon us, see who and how many we are. Let some of us fire warning shots or come they will, and the moment they find out who we are, away they'll ride to bring Red Cloud and all his bucks about our ears."

"I cannot fire," was the answer. "That's their flag of truce and we must not ignore it. Let them come, sergeant; I'll meet them."

CHAPTER XVIII.

Remonstrance on part of his men would have been a violation of their rules of order. Obedient to the lieutenant's instructions, Sergt. Bruce, with evident reluctance, lowered his hand. Whoever these Indians were they well understood the principles that governed civilized warfare. They well knew that the white soldiers would respect a flag of truce, though in their own vernacular they referred to the sacred emblem only as a "fool flag," and sometimes used it, as did the Modocs five years later, to lure officers into ambush and deliberately murder them. They knew the white soldiers would take no advantage of foemen gathered for conference or parley, and thus far the Sioux themselves had observed the custom which the Modocs basely violated when in cold blood they slaughtered Gen. Canby and the peace commissioners sent to treat with them. Confidently, therefore, came the two young warriors, but as Dean raised himself from the ground and was about to step forward the sergeant spoke:

"Beg pardon, sir, but these fellows know all our officers. They would recognize you at once. The word would go to Red Cloud faster than any pony could gallop. Let me meet them, or let one of the men."

The ponies were coming at a lope now, and not an instant was to be lost. The safety of his command might possibly depend on their not being recognized as of the troops before whose carbines Chaska, brother to Lizette, had met his death.

"Perhaps you're right," said Dean. "Halt them again. Conroy, you go with Sergt. Bruce."

Eagerly a young trooper, carbine in hand, sprang up and stood by the sergeant's side as the latter repeated his warning signal. Obediently, yet not too promptly, showing evident desire to get where they could peer over the ravine and count the number of white men and horses, the Indians again drew rein, this time barely 100 yards away. Then Bruce and Conroy, holding up their emptied hands, strode forward along the grassy slope, making the further sign: "Dismount."

In those days few of our cavalry wore, when on Indian campaign, the forage-cap with its crossed sabers and distinguishing letters. Nothing in the dress or accoutrements of the men thus advancing to meet the Indian emissaries would give to the latter any clew as to the troop or regiment to which they belonged. Could they see the horses, however, the matter would be settled at once. The U. S. brand, with that of the number of the regiment and letter of the troop, showed on every cavalry mount in the service, and the Ogallallas knew the ear-marks of two, at least, of our cavalry regiments in '68 as well as they did the cut of their own hair. But in the modesty of the non-commissioned officer Bruce had underrated his own prominence in Indian eyes. Not only did these keen observers know every officer by sight, and have for him some distinguishing name of their own, but many a trooper, easily singled out from his fellows because of his stature, or the color of his hair, or some physical peculiarity, was as well known as his captain or lieutenant, and Bruce, ex-trooper of the Scots greys, and now a model sergeant of Yankee cavalry, was already a marked man in the eyes of the southern Sioux. Brule, Minneconjou and Ogallalla knew him well — his aquiline beak, to which the men would sometimes slyly allude, having won him the Indian appellative of Wosh Kopee or Big Nose.

Before the two parties came within fifty yards of each other, therefore, watchers along the ravine saw the quick exchange of significant glances between the young braves. "Twig that?" whispered Trooper Blaine, in low, emphatic tone. "Those fellows know 'Scotty' just as well as we do."

All the same, leaving their trained ponies to nibble at the scanty bunch grass, the two came straight forward with extended hands and cordial "How, colah!" on their lips, one of them adding in agency English: "Want talk chief. Indian poor. Heap sick." (And here he clasped his stomach with both hands.) "Want coffee, sugar, bread."

"All right," said Bruce promptly, noting the while how the roving black eyes searched the edge of the

In well acted surprise the Indians reined their ponies.

ravine. "Stay here. Don't come nearer. You got buffalo meat?"

A grunt was the reply of one, a guttural "Buffalo, yes," the answer of the other.

"Bring tongues, then," and Bruce touched his own. "Five," and he threw forward the outspread right hand, rapidly touching in succession the thumb and four fingers. "We give both hands full—coffee, sugar, hardtack," and Bruce illustrated as he spoke. "That's all!" he finished abruptly, with the well-known Indian sign that plainly tells "I have spoken—there is nothing more to say," then calmly turned his back, and, bidding Conroy follow, started to return to his comrades at the ravine.

But Indian diplomacy was unsatisfied. The Sioux had found "Big Nose" to be one of the soldiers in the field. He, at least, was of the hated troop that fought and chased Burning Star and killed Chaska. The trail told them there were nearly a dozen in the party, all on shod horses, with two in lead—spare mounts or pack-horses, doubtless—so they had extra rations and had come far; but why were they going this way, so far west of the usual road to the Big Horn posts? Why were they so few in number? Where were the rest? Why were they hiding here in the ravine, instead of marching? Answer to this last question was easy enough. It was to keep out of sight of Indian eyes, and needed no excuse. There was something behind this mysterious presence of ten or twelve soldiers in the southern foot-hills, and Machpealota would expect of his scouts full information, hence the instant movement on part of one of the two braves to follow.

Impressively, Bruce turned again and waved him back. "Go, get buffalo tongue," said he, "or no trade. Keep away from our tepees," and he drew with his spurred boot-heel a jagged line across the turf. "Your side," said he, indicating the slope to the southeast of the line. "This—ours. That's all!" And this time the Indian knew he must come no nearer.

"I've got 'em talking trade, lieutenant," reported Bruce, the instant he reached Dean's side. "We don't need the tongues, but we've got more coffee and sugar than we are apt to want, and at least we can keep them interested until dark, when we can slip away. Of course, they've sent word to their main body that we're over here, but I believe they can't come in force before night."

"They knew you, sergeant, and they knew it is probably our troop," said he. "There must be only a small party near us. Make your trade, but while you're doing it we'll saddle. I mean to get out of this and into the thick of the timber before they can surround us. Stand 'em off now, while we get ready."

Promises must be kept when made to an Indian, even if they are otherwise sometimes broken. In ten minutes, with coffee, sugar and hardtack in their hands, the sergeant and his comrades were back at the front. One brave was still there, the other had vanished. Five minutes, neither party saying a word, the troopers waited; then Bruce turned to Conroy. "I knew they had nothing to trade. Take this sack with you and fall back. Tell our fellows to keep me well covered till I follow." The instant the soldier started with the sack swung over his shoulder, the Indian, who had been squatted on the turf, sprang up and began rapid expostulation in fluent Ogallalla. "It's no use, young man," interposed Bruce. "Your chum there has no buffalo tongues, and he knew it. Here's some hardtack for you," and he spread one liberally with sugar and handed it to the ever-receptive paw, outstretched to grasp it. A glance over the shoulder showed that Conroy was nearly at the edge. Then, quietly, Bruce, too, began to retire. He had not got ten paces, still facing his unwelcome visitor, when the Indian gave a shrill, sudden cry and tossed up his hands. Not a second too soon Bruce turned and darted for cover. The Indian flung himself flat on the turf and rolled away into a depression where he could find partial shelter from bullets from the ravine, whence he evidently looked for them, and out from behind the knoll, bridles held high, "quirts" lashing at their ponies' flanks, darted half a dozen painted savages, tearing down upon the spot at the top speed of their agile mounts. Only two men remained on watch at the moment, Dean and one trooper. Most of the others, already in saddle, were filing away up the game trail that threaded the windings of the ravine, the two lead horses with them, while a few yards behind the young officer and his comrade, halfway down the reverse slope, two others, afoot, handled the reins of their own horses and those of the lieutenant and men still held at the edge. It was an exciting moment. Bruce had only a hundred yards to run before he could get under cover, and there was no chance of their hitting him at that range, yet a puff of smoke rose from the knoll and a bullet, nearly spent, came tumbling and singing up the turf, and the dashing warriors, yelling wildly, applauded the shot. Bruce took matters coolly. Leaping behind the shelter of the ledge, he reached for his carbine, and in a moment more, as the pursuing Indians came lashing within long range, four seasoned cavalry carbines, each with a keen eye at the sight and a steady finger at the trip, were leveled on the coming foe. Dean's young heart beat hard, it must be owned, for hitherto the Indians had been fighting in retreat or on the defensive, while now they came as though confident of success; but there was soldier exultation and something like savage joy mingling with the thrill of excitement.

"There's more behind those beggars, sir," growled Conroy, a veteran at Indian work, "but they'll sheer off when they get within 300 yards." On they came, shields and lances dangling, ponies on the keen jump, feathers and pennons streaming on the wind. But, just as Conroy said, no sooner was Bruce safely under cover and they felt themselves drawing within dangerous range than, fan-like, they opened out to right and left, and, yelling still like fiends, veered in wide circle from their line of attack, and ducking over their ponies' shoulders, clinging with one leg to the upright part of the cantle, they seemed to invite the fire of their white foe—and got it. A daring fellow in the lead came streaking slantwise across the front, as though aiming to pick up the comrade lurking in the dip of the prairie-like slope, and Conroy's carbine was the first to bark, followed almost instantly by Dean's. The scurrying pony threw up his wall-eyed head and lashed with his feathered tail, evidently hit, but not checked, for under the whip he rushed gamely on until another bullet, whistling within a foot of his neck, warned the red rider that he was far too close for safety, for with halting gait the pony turned and labored off the field, and presently was seen to be staggering. "Score one for our side," laughed the Irishman, in glee. "Now's your time, sergeant."

But Bruce, reloading, was gazing sternly at the distant knoll. The other warriors, riding right and left, were now chasing crosswise over the billowy slopes, keeping up a fire of taunt and chaff and shrill war cries, but never again venturing within 300 yards—never wasting a shot.

"I thought so," suddenly cried the sergeant. "They're signaling from the knoll. They never would have attacked with so few, unless there were dozens more within sight. Now's our time, lieutenant. We can mount and ride like hell to the timber—I beg your pardon, sir," he broke off, suddenly. "I didn't mean to say what the lieutenant should do."

"No apologies," laughed Dean, his eyes snapping with the vim of the fight. "Glad you see the truth of what I said. Come on. Mount quickly, men."

Two minutes more and the entire party of bluecoats were spurring swiftly northward up the winding gorge, the pack horses lumbering alongside. Eagerly Dean and Bruce in the lead looked right and left for a game trail leading up the slope, for well they knew that the moment their reenforcements came the warriors would dash into the ravine and, finding their antagonists fled, would pursue along the banks. It would never do to be caught in such a trap. A gallop of a quarter of a mile and, off to the right, a branch ravine opened out to higher ground, and into this the leaders dove and, checking speed, rode at the trot until the ascent grew steep. Five minutes more and they were well up toward the head of the gulch and presently found themselves nearly on a level with the hillsides about them. Here, too, were scattered pine trees and a few scrub oak. The timber, then, was close at hand. Signaling halt to the climbing column, Dean and Bruce, springing from saddle, scrambled up the bank to their right and peered cautiously back down over the tumbling waves of the foothills, and what they saw was enough to blanch the cheek of even veteran Indian fighters.

Far over to the east, beyond an intervening ridge and under the dun cloud of dust, the earth was black for miles with herds of running buffalo. Far down to the southeast, here, there and everywhere over the land, the slopes were dotted with little knots of Indian braves—they could be nothing else—all riding like mad, coming straight toward them. Machpealota probably had launched his whole force on the trail of the luckless troopers.

[To Be Continued.]

## STORY OF AFRICAN LOVE.

**A Kaffir Maiden Who Considered Herself Worth More Than Ten Cows.**

An amusing incident is quoted by H. T. Finck, in a recent volume on primitive and curious customs, which indicates how easily utilitarian considerations may gain the supremacy among Africans.

A traveler knew a girl named Yanniki, who refused to marry a young Kaffir suitor, although she confessed that she liked him.

"I cannot take him," she said, "as he can offer only ten cows for me, and my father wants 15."

The traveler observed that it was not kind of her father to let a few cows stand in the way of her happiness; but the African damsel did not fall in with his sentimental views in the case. Business and vanity were to her much more important matters than individual preference, and she exclaimed, excitedly:

"What! You expect my father to give me away for ten cows? That would be a fine sort of a bargain! Am I not worth more than Cilli, for whom the Tambuki chief paid 12 cows last week? I am pretty, I can cook, sew, crochet, speak English, and with all these accomplishments you want my father to dispose of me for ten miserable cows? Oh, sir, how little you esteem me! No, no, my father is quite right in refusing to yield in this matter. Indeed, in my opinion, he might boldly ask 30 cows for me, for I am worth that much."

**Retort Courteous.**

A recent English visitor to India relates the following incident of travel to show the character of the intercourse between the English and the resident population of that country. The Parsees have been scarcely longer in the peninsula than have the English. They are the ancient fire worshippers of the east.

"Another Englishman and I were on the night train, and we were the sole occupants of the compartment. It was near midnight and we were stretched on our respective couches, when our slumbers were disturbed by the entrance of a family of four or five Parsees, among whom were a lady and a child and an old gentleman of somewhat feeble but refined appearance. Of course, although we were not disturbed, there was a little conversation and discussion while couches were being prepared and berths let down, and so forth, till at last my fellow countryman, losing his little store of patience, rolled over among his rugs with a growl: 'I wish you would stop that chattering, you Parsees!' To which remark, when they had settled themselves a little, one of the men replied: 'Please go to sleep now, Mr. Gentleman.'"—Youth's Companion.

**Prince Albert's Courage.**

Lord Playfair was one of the most honored and conspicuous figures in Great Britain during the last half century. When he was in the University of Edinburgh the prince of Wales was one of his pupils. One day the two were standing near a cauldron containing lead, which was boiling at white heat. "Has your royal highness any faith in science?" asked Playfair. "Certainly," was the prompt reply. Playfair then carefully washed the prince's hand in ammonia to get rid of any grease on it, and then said: "Will you now place your hand in this boiling metal and ladle out a portion of it?" "Do you tell me to do this?" asked the prince. "I do," was the answer. The prince instantly put his hand into the cauldron and ladled out some of the boiling lead without sustaining any injury. Nowadays the feat is frequently performed, but in those days it was a novelty, which makes the courage and confidence of Albert Edward equally remarkable.—Golden Days.

**Shrewd Ignorance.**

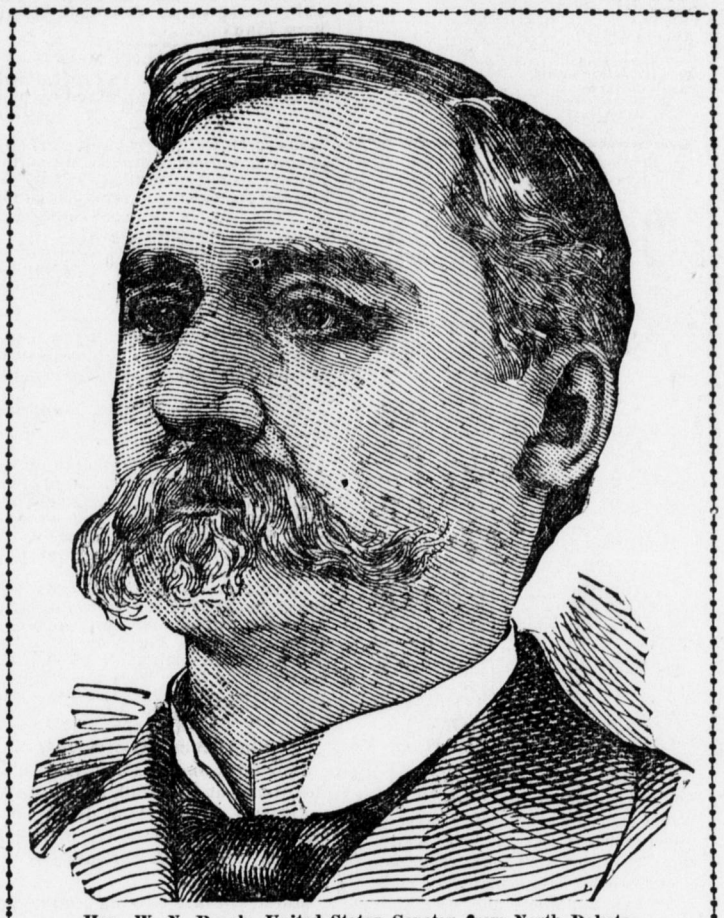
When shrewd ignorance resorts to questionable methods the confiding public has to pay the freight.—Chicago Daily News.

**He Is a Fool.**

He is a fool who thinks that others do not think.—Chicago Daily News


# A UNITED STATES SENATOR

## Says Pe-ru-na, the Catarrh Cure, Gives Strength and Appetite.



Hon. W. N. Roach, United States Senator from North Dakota.

Hon. W. N. Roach, United States Senator from North Dakota, personally endorses Peruna, the great catarrh cure and tonic. In a recent letter to The Peruna Medicine Company, at Columbus, Ohio, written from Washington, D. C., Senator Roach says:

**"Persuaded by a friend I have used Peruna as a tonic, and I am glad to testify that it has greatly helped me in strength, vigor and appetite. I have been advised by friends that it is remarkably efficacious as a cure for the almost universal complaint of catarrh."—W. N. Roach, Larimore, North Dakota.**

**No other remedy can take the place of Peruna.**

Mr. E. J Makinson, Contractor and Builder.

Mr. Ed. J. Makinson, contractor and builder, 610 Grand Block, Wabash Street, St. Paul, Minn., says:

"Many doctor bills can be saved by the use of Peruna. I have all my friends taking Peruna, and I have heard nothing but praise from them. Last fall I had a bad cough. I took four bottles of Peruna and it cured me. I am inclined towards consumption, as all my family have died with it. I weigh 185 pounds, and I believe it is Peruna that has given me such good health."—J. Makinson.

As a result of the changeable climate, catarrh has become one of the most prevalent and universal diseases known to man. Nearly one-third of the people of the United States are afflicted with catarrh in some of its many phases and stages. Add to this the fact that catarrh rapidly tends to become fixed or chronic, also the further fact that it is capable of producing a great many other diseases, and we begin to realize the true nature of this dread disease.

So formidable has catarrh become that in every city or town of any size numerous doctors are to be found who make the treatment of catarrh a specialty. Of course a great deal of good is accomplished in this way, but as yet a comparatively small number of the people can avail themselves of this treatment because of the great expense necessarily attached to it.

To all such people Dr. Hartman's remedy, Peruna, comes as a great boon. Not only is it more successful in curing catarrh than the treatment of the catarrh specialists, but it is within the reach of every person in this land. Peruna can be bought at any drug store, and is a remedy without equal for catarrh in all forms, coughs, colds, bronchitis, consumption, and all climatic diseases of winter.

Peruna is not a guess, nor an experiment; it is an absolute, scientific certainty. Peruna cures catarrh wherever located. Peruna has no substitutes—no rivals. Insist upon having Peruna. Let no one persuade you that some other remedy will do nearly as well. There is no other systemic remedy for catarrh but Peruna.

Byron J. Kirkhuff, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

Mr. Byron J. Kirkhuff, attorney, counsellor at law, writes from 691 Gates avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y., the following:

"I have used your Peruna for catarrh and find its curative powers all you recommend. It cured me of a very bad attack and though I suffered for years I feel entirely relieved, and if it will benefit others, I gladly give it my endorsement."—B. J. Kirkhuff.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, president of the Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

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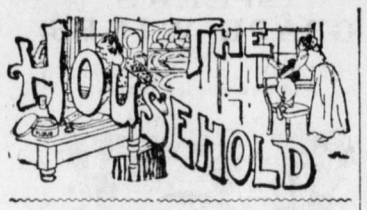



## CARRIAGES FOR BABY.

**His Lordship of the Nursery Is Setting a Shocking Example of Rank Extravagance.**

Nothing is too good for his infantile highness of 1901, in proof of which it will be necessary to mention the splendor and number of carriages alone. In the old days when babies were supposed to make up for simple living by high thinking one stout, perambulator upholstered in serviceable reps, painted a weather-proof color, hooded with oiled cloth and about as agile in its movements and graceful in its gait as a wheelbarrow, was handed on from generation to generation, and by no means did every baby in the block claim the proud privilege of keeping his own turnout.

The rule of to-day is one baby, one carriage; sometimes there are exquis-

PRETTY MORNING EQUIPAGE.

ite double-seated equipages of satin and lace and rattan, for cheerful, worldly-minded twins.

It has never yet been discovered what sort of vengeance a baby could mete out to the parents who failed on the carriage question, because those devoted servitors nearly always anticipated the infantile scorn and disgust by procuring a brilliant, cozy, up-to-date trap for park and pavement use well in advance of the first outing, and so eager are the parents to please that the baby carriage trade is increasing every year. There is a woman in New York who makes a living by upholstering these charming conveniences, by supplying pillows for the occupant's comfort, by draping canopies and making down, silk, satin, wool and fur robes for the fat, pink, lolling little lords and ladies.

Every well-to-do bairn keeps at least two carriages. One for summer and one for winter use. The former is made on the American, the latter on the English pattern, and the very latest devices for comfort and convenience in these two types of vehicles was displayed by the assortment that greeted Miss Cornelia Stuyvesant Vanderbilt's appearance last August.

Among her christening gifts were no less than ten beautiful little carriages. There were smart little wheel chairs for use when she grows a bit bigger, and a most luxurious cradle carriage, all of pure white wicker and in the form of a swan on wheels. The interior of this carriage is upholstered in white silk, the coverlid is of swan's-down and in his beak the stately wicker bird holds the ends of white satin ribbons that extend from the silk and lace draped canopy.

Another very picturesque carriage for this little lady's use had a body of wicker woven into a shell and appropriately lined with pink silk, and her winter chariot from London had a shallow oval black body and black wheels picked out in bright cherry lines. On both sides of the body the owner's entwined initials are painted, and inside the furnishings are done in cherry satin. The seat and cushion can be shifted so that the small occupant can sit erect or lie at length, and the hood of varnished leather can be so drawn up that the whole of the interior is covered. The front half of the carriage top, when the day is fine, folds down flat and inconspicuously in front, while the rear half fixed in its place is built of varnished leather, upheld by iron supports painted cherry red, and in the sides and back of the rear hood plate-glass squares are set to afford the baby light and a fine view.

This winter a yet more interesting little carriage has been brought out by the manufacturers. It is a wee hansom cab complete, with a handle in the back at the top, whence the nursemaid propels it along, and the juvenile proprietor of one of these quaint traps has pronounced it in broken English to be the snuggest thing he has yet tried. Mothers who believe in the efficacy of fresh air for their babies will promptly indorse a new carriage for very little babies. It is a delicate, graceful basket body on wheels. There is a mechanism in the rear by which the carriage is wound up, and when the nurse has established herself under a a tree she sets the mechanism in action and the body of the carriage sways very gently back and forth until the occupant is lulled to sleep.—Fanny Enders, in Chicago Record.

**Prepared to Carve.**

The man who was dining with the family for the first time began the conversation.

"Wasn't that the dinner bell that just rung?" the stranger asked.

"Yes," replied the old friend of the family.

"Then where's the host going? I just saw him pass down the hall with his overcoat on."

"That wasn't an overcoat; it was a mackintosh. We are going to have roast duck."—Philadelphia Press.

## BRUSHING THE SKIN.

**Eminent Medical and Dermatological Authorities Call Friction an Aid to Beauty.**

The skin should be thoroughly cleansed once a day. Have the room warm, and the water only a few degrees cooler. Stay in the bath five minutes, keeping yourself either under water or pouring wet all the time. But it is after you leave the tub that the really important part of the bath begins.

Dry yourself thoroughly with two towels, then take a stiff flesh brush and try with all your might to rub your skin off. A cocoanut fiber brush is the best, and to get at your back it is a good plan to have a cocoanut fiber mat hung against the wall to rub yourself against. Keep up this friction for at least ten minutes. You could not invest the same amount of time more usefully. There is nothing like this to relieve the internal organs from undue heat and congestion of the blood, and to free the lungs from oppression. Moreover, it actually increases the size of the muscles and makes them firmer by causing the blood to circulate more vigorously in them. As to its effect upon the elasticity and beauty of the skin itself, that will be obvious enough at a glance. It is the brush that furnishes the only true bloom of youth. But the morning bath and rubbing down alone are not sufficient. If during the day you get into a perspiration, do not allow the moisture to dry on the skin. Never come in from a walk or horseback ride or a row and sit down as you are. Go to your room, take off everything and use the brush. It may seem inconvenient at first, but when it is done you will rejoice and soon it will become a matter of course to you.

This friction after exercise is of great importance; so much so that it may be affirmed that three-fourths of the benefit of any exercise is lost without it. If you foresee that it will be impossible, after your exercise, to take a rub down, then it will often be better to choose the rub down than the exercise.—St. Louis Republic.

## WANTED TO TELL NEWS.

**Pace, Jester to Queen Elizabeth, Gave His August Mistress a Severe Home Thrust.**

A southern woman, lying upon her deathbed, was diligently cared for by a former slave, a typical Virginia negress. The minister came, prayed, talked and went away again, and as the old slave returned to her post of duty the sufferer said: "Aunty, I have just made a sad discovery. I am a great sinner, and I never knew it until now." She was very nervous over this, so that the nurse answered in her most soothing manner: "There, there, Missie! Laws, I knowed it all the time." This reminds a writer of

QUEEN AND JESTER.

another story told long, long ago agout Pace, the jester to Queen Elizabeth. That post was not a pleasant one, and Pace, who was, like most court and other jesters, inclined to be personal, at last had to be forbidden the royal presence. After he had been for some time absent a few of his friends entreated the queen to take him again into her favor and engaged that thereafter his discourse should be more guarded. But the very first time the queen saw Pace matters were as bad as ever. "Ah, now, Pace," said Elizabeth, graciously, "come, we shall hear our faults." "No, madame," replied the jester, guardedly, "I never talk of what is discoursed by all the world."

## HOW TO USE GLYCERIN.

**Unless Mixed with an Equal Part of Water It Is Absolutely Injurious to the Skin.**

Since so many people use pure glycerin for the skin a word of caution seems necessary.

If you apply a little glycerin to the tip of the tongue you will find that, although it has a pleasant sweet taste, the first sensation that is felt is one of pain and burning. This is caused by the fact that glycerin has a strong affinity for water, and that it absorbs all the moisture from the surface which it touches, thus drying up and parching the nerves.

Ignorant of this fact, nurses and mothers have applied pure glycerin to the chafed skin of infants, producing often great pain. The glycerin ought to have been first mixed with an equal bulk of water. This being done, it may be applied to the most tender surfaces without producing injury, and, as it does not dry up, virtually maintains the part in a constantly moist condition, excluding the air and promoting the health process.

Rose water is most frequently used, and benzoin is an excellent addition.—Philadelphia Press.

**Where the Thieves Were.**

The wife of a well-known and very popular member of the house of representatives was telling a story on him the other day, which was much appreciated.

The gentleman came in rather late the other night after a convivial time. He was tired and sleepy, and scarcely struck the bed before he was in a profound slumber. Toward morning the good wife became alarmed by unusual noises, and immediately visions of plunder and violence disturbed her imagination. She shook her spouse with vigor and cried: "Jim, wake up; wake up!" He gave an extra snort and snore, and turned over. She shook him again, screaming: "Jim, you must get up; there are thieves in the house!"

Arousing himself for a moment, he said: "On, no, my dear; there are no thieves in the house; they are all in the senate."—Baltimore Sun.

**The Prince Declined.**

When the prince of Wales was about to visit Niagara Falls Blondin had a rival, one Farini, who was a character. He issued an advertisement urging that the prince make his initial entrance to the great and glorious United States in a striking manner. Accordingly he proposed that he should wheel the prince in a wheelbarrow over a tight rope across the gorge to the United States—an entrance that would be unparalleled! Then the notice added: "Should any accident happen to his highness whereby he should happen to be precipitated to the gulf below (of which, I assure you, there is little danger) the money taken from the spectators shall be refunded."—Chicago Inter Ocean.

**What He Got.**

Towne—Our friend Underthum tells me he's got a fine situation. How much does he get, do you know?

Browne—Oh, about $2 a week.

"You don't mean it! It must be a fine situation to command such a princely salary."

"I didn't say that was his salary. That's what his wife allows him."—Philadelphia Press.

**A Remedy for the Grippe.**

Physicians recommend KEMP'S BALSAM for patients afflicted with the grippe, as it is especially adapted for the throat and lungs. Don't wait for the first symptoms, but get a bottle to-day and keep it on hand for use the moment it is needed. If neglected the grippe brings on pneumonia. KEMP'S BALSAM prevents this by keeping the cough loose and the lungs free from inflammation. All druggists, 25c and 50c.

**In Mourning.**

Butcher—Leg o' mutton? Yes'm.

Mrs. De Rigeur—And let it be off a black sheep, if you please. We're in mourning, you know.—Philadelphia Record.

**There Is a Class of People**

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over ¼ as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15 cts. and 25 cts. per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

The thinner the wine of wisdom the faster it will run out.—Ram's Horn.

**Where Danger Lurked.**

A little girl from Memphis who has spent her life in the city went out to visit her grandparents, living in the country, during the holidays, and, as usually happens in such cases, the little city lady displayed her ignorance.

The little girl, soon after her arrival in the country, manifested great apprehension of being hooked by the cows about the place. One day her mother told her to go to a neighbor's home and carry a message. The little girl started, but at the gate she encountered a cow, one of the muley species.

In great excitement she ran back to her mother, crying: "Oh, mamma, there's a cow down there!"

The mother looked out of the window and saw the meek-looking bovine.

"Why, daughter, that's a muley cow. She hasn't any horns and can't hook you."

"But, mamma," exclaimed the child, "she hasn't any horns, but she might hook me with her pompadour!"—Memphis Scimitar.

Not He.—"I must confess I'm rather superstitious." "Well, I'm not. I wouldn't be that way." "You wouldn't, eh?" "No; it's a sure sign that you're going to have bad luck when you begin to get superstitious."—Philadelphia Press.

The only thoroughgoing woman I ever heard of was the one who, having divorced her husband, changed her religion, in order that she might have done with him both in this world and the next.—Ally Sloper.

Bill Collector.—Lawyer—"What is your business?" Bankrupt—"Well, I suppose I might be called a bill collector." Lawyer—"A bill collector?" Bankrupt—"Yes. At least, I have a large collection of unpaid bills."—Somerville Journal.

Any young man who is desirous of occupation may find it by trying to please a woman; but no sane man will ever attempt to satisfy her. If you buy her furs, she wants feathers; if you spend your money on her you are extravagant; if you do not, you are mean; if you are jealous, you are a brute; while if you are not, you don't love her.—Ally Sloper.


**Fine**

The skin and flesh feel like the fit of a new soft glove when

**St. Jacobs Oil**

has driven out

**Soreness** and **Stiffness**

from cold.

**PATENTS** without fee unless successful. Send description; FREE opinion. MILO B. STEVENS & CO., Estab. 1864. Div. 3, 817–14th Street. WASHINGTON, D. C. Branch offices: Chicago, Cleveland and Detroit.

**GREGORY SEEDS** Forty years of fair dealing. New catalogue free. J. J. H. Gregory & Son, Marblehead, Mass.

**OIL STOCKS.**—Wanted—Agent to Sell dividend-paying California Oil Stocks. A quick seller. Big profits. Address JOHN SHARP, 541 South Flower Street, LOS ANGELES, CALIF.


**Deafness Cannot Be Cured**

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases of of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

**Unlike Anybody Else.**

Obstinacy, like most other qualities, has many forms of manifesting itself.

"I do think," said one of the group of nephews who were discussing "Uncle Chauncey's" peculiarities, "he's the contrariest man alive."

"What new light have you had on the subject?" asked one of the others.

"Well, he's so contrary," was the rejoinder, "that if he sees a newspaper advertisement headed: 'Don't read this!' he doesn't read it!"—Youth's Companion.

**Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!**

Ask your grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee. 15c. and 25cts. per package. Sold by all grocers.

**Change of Name.**

Mrs. Greene—I suppose the Chitlings are awfully stuck up since they got that money from Mrs. Chitling's uncle?

Mrs. Gray—Not so much as one might have supposed; but I notice that when they have mincemeat on the table they call it croquettes; it used to be plain hash.—Boston Transcript.

**Beating All Records.**

Whenever the American people find a thing of merit, absolute genuine merit, they appreciate it and never hesitate to make liberal use of it. It is merit that counts for the enormous sale of Cascarets—over six million boxes last year. It is the best bowel and liver regulator in the world and sells at prices that suit everybody—10c, 25c and 50c a box, put up in tablet form, and every tablet stamped "C. C. C." There is no waste. Cascarets are easy to take and are sold by the makers under an absolute guarantee to refund the money if Cascarets do not prove satisfactory. A 50c box is enough for a whole month's treatment for the worst case. Every sufferer is urged to give Cascarets an immediate trial.

**After the Consultation.**

Patient—Now, doctor, what's the matter with me, anyway?

The Head Consulting Physician—My dear sir, do you suppose that if we knew what was the matter with you, we would have decided to hold a post-mortem?—Harper's Bazar.

**Coughing Leads to Consumption.**

Kemp's Balsam will stop the Cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Large bottles 25 and 50 cents. Go at once: delays are dangerous.

That's Why.—"How can you go with Fred Squandret, Laura? He's such a spendthrift." "What if he is? He spends it nearly all on me."—Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.

A dyspeptic is never on good terms with himself. Something is always wrong. Get it right by chewing Beeman's Pepsin Gum.

More.—The Devotee — "Paderewski is more than a mere pianist." The Philistine —"You bet he is! W'y, the duffer must be worth near a million!"—Indianapolis Press.

Thirty minutes is all the time required to dye with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Sold by all druggists.

There is one serious objection to establishing communication with Mars. It will inevitably bring on more dialect stories.—The Memphis Commercial-Appeal.

**To Cure a Cold in One Day**

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

**Cheap Rates to California.**

February 12th and each Tuesday thereafter, until and including April 30th, Special Low Rate Colonist Tickets will be sold via the Southern Pacific's Company's "Ogden" and "Sunset" Routes to all points in California. The rate will be: From Chicago $30.00, from St. Louis, Memphis and New Orleans $27.50, from Omaha, Kansas City, etc., $25.00. Corresponding low rates from all other points east and north.

For particulars and detailed information pertaining to the Southern Pacific Company's Routes, and these special rates to California, call upon or address

W. G. Neimyer, G. W. A., S. P. Co., 238 Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

W. H. Connor, C. A., S. P. Co., Chamber of Commerce Bldg., Cincinnati, Ohio.

G. G. Herring, C. A., S. P. Co., 711 Park Bldg., Pittsburg, Pa.

L. E. Townsley, C. A., S. P. Co., 421 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo.

C. C. Cary, C. A., S. P. Co., 208 Sheidley Bldg., Kansas City, Mo.

Mostly Bluster—The man who is waging war on the modern prize fight is a regular Don Quixote." "You think so?" "Of course; he's only fighting windmills."—Philadelphia Press.

**An Innovation.**

The Louisville & Nashville R. R. together with its connecting lines has inaugurated the Florida Limited, which is a daily, solid train, wide vestibuled, steam heated, gas lighted, with dining car service for meals en route to Thomasville, Ga., Jacksonville and St. Augustine, Fla. The sleeper leaving Cincinnati at 11:15 a. m. is attached at Nashville, running via Birmingham and Montgomery, Plant System to Jacksonville, and Florida East Coast to St. Augustine, arriving at the latter city at 7:30 the next evening. Mr. C. L. Stone, General Passenger Agent, Louisville & Nashville R. R., Louisville, Ky., will answer all inquiries concerning this train and furnish printed matter concerning it.

He Looked It.—Fond Father — "Now, when I was a boy I didn't have the advantages you have." Smart Offspring—"And you look it, too, guv'nor." — Ohio State Journal.

**A Long, Long Time.**

This expression is especially forceful when it relates to the period of a person's illness, and it then has a very dreary sound. When Mrs. A. A. Bailey was living at 858 Bolton Ave., Cleveland, Ohio, she wrote: "My daughter has been troubled with Granulated Sore Eyelids for four or five years. She has now begun to use your Lotion and her eyes are better than for a long, long time." This wonderful remedy if used faithfully will not only relieve, but cure. If your druggist does not keep it, take no substitute, but send to Solon Palmer, 374 Pearl Street, New York, for samples of Palmer's Lotion and Lotion Soap.

When you forget there are others you are nearing a burned bridge. — Atchison Globe.

**Hoxsie's Croup Cure,**

the life saver of children, cures and prevents Croup, Membranous Croup, Diphtheria, Pneumonia and Whooping Cough. No opium. 50 cents.

No man ever became great and good except through many and great mistakes.—Gladstone.

**Lane's Family Medicine.**

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.


**ABSOLUTE SECURITY.**

Genuine

**Carter's Little Liver Pills.**

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

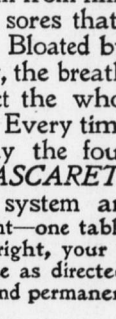
Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

**DO YOU COUGH DON'T DELAY TAKE KEMP'S BALSAM THE BEST COUGH CURE**

It Cures Coughs Colds, Croup, Sore Throat. Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Price, 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

A. N. K.—C 1854



No Smoke House. Smoke meat with KRAUSERS' LIQUID EXTRACT OF SMOKE. Made from hickory wood. Gives delicious flavor. Cheaper, cleaner than old way. Send for circular. E. Krauser & Bro., Milton, Pa.

**CASTORIA**

For Infants and Children

Bears The Signature Of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Puffs under the eyes; red nose; pimple-blotched, greasy face don't mean hard drinking always as much as it shows that there is *BILE IN THE BLOOD.* It is true, drinking and over-eating overloads the stomach, but failure to assist nature in regularly disposing of the partially digested lumps of food that are dumped into the bowels and allowed to rot there, is what causes all the trouble. *CASCARETS* will help nature help you, and will keep the system from filling with poisons, will clean out the sores that tell of the system's rottenness. Bloated by bile the figure becomes unshapely, the breath foul, eyes and skin yellow; in fact the whole body kind of fills up with filth. Every time you neglect to help nature you lay the foundation for just such troubles. *CASCARETS* will carry the poisons out of the system and will regulate you naturally and easily and without gripe or pain. Start to-night—one tablet—keep it up for a week and help the liver clean up the bowels, and you will feel right, your blood will be rich, face look clean, eyes bright. Get a 50c box of *CASCARETS,* take as directed. If you are not cured or satisfied you get your money back. Bile bloat is quickly and permanently

CURED BY

**Cascarets**

LIVER TONIC

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

10c. 25c. 50c.

ALL DRUGGISTS.

NEVER SOLD IN BULK.

**CURE** all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow complexion and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are getting sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that come afterwards. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS to-day, for you will never get well and be well all the time until you put your bowels right. Take our advice; start with CASCARETS to-day, under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. 438

**GUARANTEED** TO CURE: Five years ago the first box of CASCARETS was sold. Now it is over six million boxes a year, greater than any similar medicine in the world. This is absolute proof of great merit, and our best testimonial. We have faith and will sell CASCARETS absolutely guaranteed to cure or money refunded. Go buy today, two 50c boxes, give them a fair, honest trial, as per simple directions, and if you are not satisfied, after using one 50c box, return the unused 50c box and the empty box to us by mail, or the druggist from whom you purchased it, and get your money back for both boxes. Take our advice—no matter what ails you—start to-day. Health will quickly follow and you will bless the day you first started the use of CASCARETS. Book free by mail. Address: STERLING REMEDY CO., NEW YORK or CHICAGO.

**Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.**

396 to 408 Main St.—American Block,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

We are making the greatest and finest display of holiday goods ever shown in Buffalo. In all departments of our great dry goods store we show an extraordinary variety of useful and novel articles suitable for Christmas gifts.

We lead the trade in Christmas books, toys, dolls, games, fancy goods, art novelties, handkerchiefs, gloves, furs and in all staple dry goods departments. You must not visit Buffalo without seeing our grand Christmas display. Pay you to come to Buffalo for no other reason.

**Pan-American Souvenir Handkerchiefs.**

With Pan-American flag border and the famous artistic "Beck Design" in center can only be bought from us.

These elegant souvenir squares in silk and satin, with the unique and beautiful "Beck Design" in centre and the border of the flags of all the North and South American countries are truly works of art and make Christmas presents of rare value. The flag border is copyrighted by us and we have the exclusive priviledge of using the "Beck Design" on fabrics, and, as we have said, these splendid souvenirs and advertisements of the great Pan-American Exposition of next year can be bought only from us We have the following kinds:

24-inch surah silk squares, $1.00 each, with your choice of Beck Design in centre or view of Niagara Falls, satin squares, $1.50 each.

These flag handkerchiefs or squares make elegant pillow tops. We have pillows made up at $4, $5 and $5.50

Heavy sateen pillow tops, 65c each.

**ADAM, MELDRUM & ANDERSON CO.,**

The American Block.

BUFFALO, N. Y.



**Dr. Fenner's KIDNEY and Backache Cure.**

For all Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Troubles, Lame Back, Heart Disease, Skin Disease, Rheumatism, Bed Wetting, etc.

Unfailing in Female Weakness.

By dealers. 50c. size by mail 60c Fredonia, N.Y.

R. C. Dodson, Agent,

35-9ly. Emporium, Pa.



**Keeley Cure**

Cures Drunkenness. Cures Drug Users.

Write for free Booklet.

THE KEELEY INSTITUTE, 4246 Fifth Ave., PITTSBURG, Pa.



SAFE SURE

**THE KEELEY INSTITUTE**

P.O.BOX 594

HARRISBURG, PA.

CURES ALL DRINK AND DRUG ADDICTIONS.

NEWLY FURNISHED NEW MANAGEMENT.


COMMISSIONERS SALE OF

# UNSEATED LANDS

## IN CAMERON COUNTY.

AGREEABLE to the Act of Assembly in such cases made and provided, the Commissioners of the County of Cameron hereby give notice that on **Wednesday, 20th day of March, 1901** at 1:00 p. m., they will sell at public sale at the Court House in Emporium, Pa., all or any part or parts af the following described lands which have been purchased for the use of the county of Cameron, and are now held by it:

UNSEATED.

| War. No. | SHIPPEN TOWNSHIP. | Acres. |
|---|---|---|
| 4967— | W. H. Howard, warrantee or owner, | 375 |
| 6108 | do do do do | 60 |
| 1133 | do do do do | 300 |
| 1142 | do do do do | 50 |
| 1193 | do do do do | 151 |
| M&D | do do do do | 170 |
| 5038— | Josiah Howard, do do | 495 |
| 5037 | do do do do | 506 |
| 1141 | do do do do | 50 |
| 4998 | do do do do | 802 |
| 4984 | do do do do | 862 |
| vacant | A. H. Shafer. do do | 583 |
| 1359 | do do do do | 32 |
| 1143 | do do do do | 50 |
| 4986— | Peter Brown, do do | 50 |
| 4986 | do do do do | 100 |
| 6108— | Mrs. Henry Bliss, do do | 40 |
| 2537— | Daniel Barr, do do | 148 |
| 1407 | do do do do | 78 |
| 5037— | G. W. Warner, do do | 300 |
| 4986— | Geo. Brown & Son, do do | 100 |
| 1142— | L. E. Gibbs, do do | 100 |
| 4983— | A. A. Housler Est., do do | 40 |
| | PORTAGE TOWNSHIP. | |
| 1193— | Unknown, warrantee or owner, | 55 |
| F&R— | J. D. Bucher, do do | 100 |
| | GROVE TOWNSHIP. | |
| 4119— | E. O. Aldrich, warrantee or owner, | 742 |
| 4138— | W. H. Summerson, do do | 990 |
| vacant— | A. H. Shafer, do do | 330 |
| 5704— | Barclay Bros., do do | 105 |
| 4937— | A. H. Shafer, do do | 40 |
| 4122— | U. B. Russell, do do | 516 |
| | GIBSON TOWNSHIP. | |
| 5451— | D.J.McDonald Est., warrantee or owner, | 175 |

LUMBER TOWNSHIP.—SEATED.

All that certain piece, parcel or lot of ground situate, lying and being in Cameron Village, township of Lumber, county of Cameron, State of Pennsylvania, viz: Beginning at a post on the Souther street eighty-four feet west from the corner or junction of Louisa avenue with said Souther street, running thence north 32½° east 126 feet to a post; thence north 64½° west 51 feet to a post; thence south 32½° west 126 feet to a post; thence along said Souther street south 64½° east 51 feet to the place of beginning, containing 6,426 square feet located on town map as lot No. 3, plot F. F., returned as the land of the Knights of Pythias.

A. F. VOGT,
E. W. GASKILL,
A. W. MASON,
Commissioners of Cameron County.

ATTEST:
I. K. HOCKLEY, Clerk.
Emporium, Pa., Feb. 26th, 1901.

## NAPOLEON'S EYE.

**One Look From It Explained His Power Over Men.**

In 1887, while working in London as a curate to the Rev. Canon Fleming, I was called in my vicar's absence to administer a religious service to an old admiral in Eaton square. The admiral's name was Eden. After the service was over he took my hand and said: "Shake hands with me, young man. There are not many alive who can say what I can say. You are talking with a man who has talked to Napoleon the Great." "Sir," I said, "that is history. May I hear more?" The old admiral then told me that he was once returning with the fleet—I think from the West Indies, but of that I am not sure—and touched at St. Helena. The admiral said, "I am going up to Longwood to pay my respects to Napoleon, and the senior midshipman comes with me."

"I was the senior midshipman," said the old gentleman, "and so I went. We waited for Napoleon in an outer room, and you must imagine how eagerly I expected his entrance. The door was thrown open at last, and in he came. He was short and fat and nothing very attractive but for his eye. My word, sir, I have never seen anything like it. After speaking to the admiral he turned to me, and then I understood for the first time in my life what was the meaning of the phrase, 'A born ruler of men.' I had been taught to hate the French as I hated the devil, but when Napoleon looked at me there was such power and majesty in his look that if he had bade me lie down that he might walk over me I would have done it at once, English middy though I was. The look on Napoleon's face was the revelation of the man and the explanation of his power. He was born to command."

Such was Admiral Eden's version to me of an incident which at 90 years old or thereabout seemed to him as fresh as if it had happened only the day before.—Rev. John Rooker in London Spectator.

**Temperate.**

Grimsby—So you want to marry my daughter, sir! What are your principles? Are you temperate?

Fledgely—Temperate! Why, I am so strict that it gives me pain even to find my boots tight.—Pick-Me-Up.

**Close Resemblance.**

Contractor—You won't sell me a carload of bricks on credit?

Dealer—No. Me and my brick are very much alike. We're hard pressed for cash.—Philadelphia Record.

**Boorish.**

De Vere—That's Miss Winter. Lovely girl, but awfully boorish.

Ponsonby—How do you know?

De Vere—I proposed to her the other day, and she said that, though she liked dogs, she didn't care for puppies.—Pick-Me-Up.


# Furniture.

Everything in stock that goes to make up a first-class Furniture Store. Will not be under sold by any one.

Carpets,
Oil-Cloth,
Linoleum,
Mattings.

UP IN QUALITY.
DOWN IN PRICE.

One of the best Sewing Machines in the world, sold here—the

**"Domestic."**

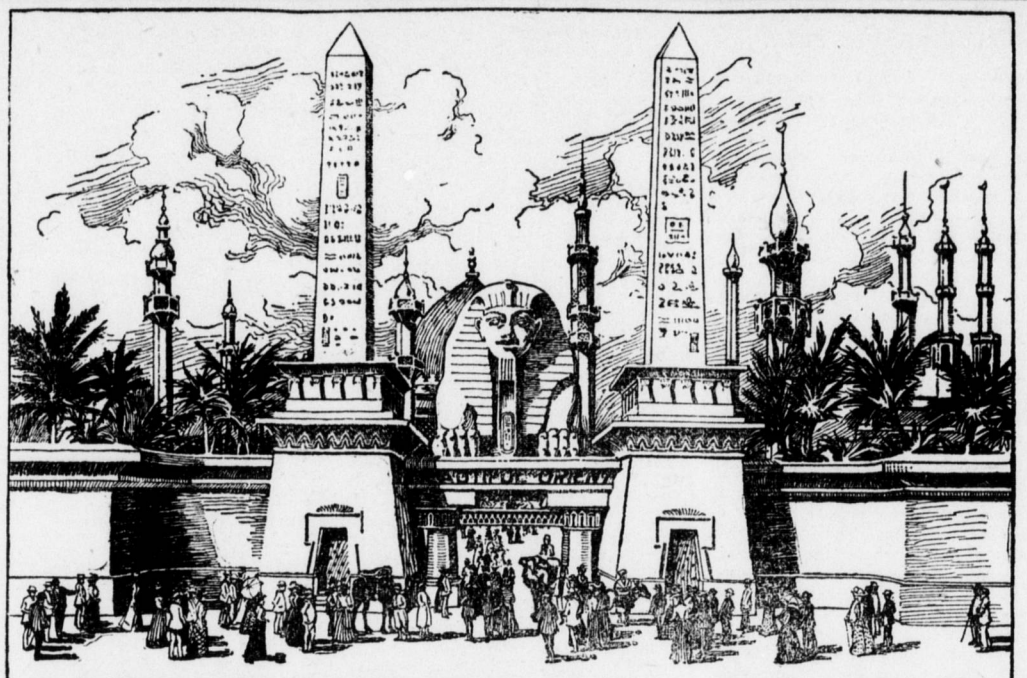
Undertaking in all its branches promptly attended to. You all know the place.

**GEO. J. LABAR,**

THE BIG BRICK STORE,

Cor. Fourth and Chestnut St.,

EMPORIUM, PA.

On the Midway — THE BEAUTIFUL ORIENT — Pan-American Exposition, Buffalo, 1901

## ALL SORTS.

See a woman in another column picking grapes for Speer's wines. Read all about it. Excellent for weakly persons and the aged particularly for females. 50-8t

Tabasco has been taken off the course at West Point.

When children have earache, saturate a piece of cotton with BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT, and place it in the ear. It will stop the pain quickly. Price 25 and 50 cents. L. Taggart. mar

The wonder is that the Boers do not wear their legs off.

When you are bilious, use those famous little pills known as DeWitt's Little Early Risers to cleanse the liver and bowels. They never gripe. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

Now the overcoat dealer declares daily dividends.

No one knows the unbearable torture one undergees from piles unless they are so afflicted. TABLER'S BUCKEYE PILE OINTMENT is a quick, safe and painless cure. Price 50 cents in bottles. Tubes 75 cents at L. Taggart's. mar

Shis is a sort of auto cold wave.

See that you get the original DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve when you ask for it. The genuine is a certain cure for piles, sores and skin diseases. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

Cold weather for Cupids.

Couldn't help getting a cold never cures it; but carrying home a bottle of BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP, and using it as directed, will cure the worst kind of cough or cold. Price 25 and 50 cents, at L. Taggart's. mar

If that Texas oil lake should freeze over, it ought to make exceptionally smooth skating.

Their promptness and their pleasant effects make DeWitt's Little Early Risers most popular little pills wherever they are known. They are simply perfect for liver and bowel troubles. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

Not even George Washington did such effective work with his hatchet as Mrs. Nation.

Children often inherit feeble digestive power and colic of a more or less severe character results, when food is taken which is at all difficult to digest. WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE acts as a general and permanent tonic. Price 25 cents. L. Taggart. mar

Thus far the winter has not aroused the reminiscences of the old inhabitant.

The lingering cough following grippe calle for One Minute Cough Cure. For all throat and lung troubles this is the only harmless remedy that gives immediate results. Prevents consumption. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

Now is the time for house-hunters to get together and name a ticket.

For all pulmonary troubles BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP, taken in the early stages, proves a certain and sure specific. It is equally effective in croup and whooping cough, and if used in season prevents the further development of consumption. Price 25 and 50 cents. L. Taggart. m

There are men who are proud of once having held the office of school director.

Counterfeits of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve are liable to cause blood poisoning. Leave them alone. The original has the name DeWitt's upon the box and wrapper. It is a harmless and healing salve for skin diseases. Unequalled for piles. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

Usually, but not always, the more trifling a man is the louder he laughs.

Are you sick? If so, investigate the merits of HERBINE. It is a consentrated medicine, the dose is small, yet it quickly produces the most gratifying results, digestion improves, the lips and cheeks lose their pallor, the eye becomes bright and the step elastic. Price 50 cents. L. Taggart. mar

A very insignificant doctor may carry a big grip.

Like Oliver Twist, children ask for more when given One Minute Cough Cure. Mothers endorse it highly for croup. It quickly cures all coughs and colds and every throat and lung trouble. It is a specific for grippe and asthma and has long been a well known remedy for whooping cough. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

**When You Get a Headache**

don't waste a minute but go to your druggist and get a box of Krause's Headache Capsules. They will prevent pain, even though your skull were cracking. They are harmless, too. Read the guarantee.

Price 25c. Sold by L. Taggart. Mar

European royalty seems to be a little hard up by reason of the call for wedpresents.

**Krause's Cold Cure**

for colds in the head, chest, throat or any portion of the body, breaks up a cold in 24 hours without interruption to work. Will prevent colds if taken when first symptoms appear.

Price 25c. Sold by L. Taggart. Mar

Some men never miss a chance to make ignorant remarks.

**Nerves Like a Flat Iron.**

A woman who suffered for three years from nervous prostration says, two bottles of Lichty's Celery Nerve Compound effected a complete cure. She hardly knows today whether she has nerves or not, as she never feels them. It is certainly a wonderful remedy.

Sold by L. Taggart. Mar

Most people complain that they have the "rheumatiz."

**How to Cure a Cold.**

Don't go to bed. Don't stop work. Don't take a Turkish bath and render yourself liable to an attack of pneumonia. Krause's Cold Cure, in convenient capsule form, will cure you in 24 hours. They are pleasant to take and cause no ringing in your head or other disagreeable sensations.

Price 25c. Sold by L. Taggart. Mar

A new pair of rubbers will hide a mighty bad pair of shoes.

**A Horrible Outbreak**

"Of large sores on my little daughter's head developed into a case of scald head" writes C. D. Isbill of Morganton, Tenn., but Bucklen's Arnica Salve completely cured her. It's a guaranteed cure for eczema, tetter, salt rheum, pimples, sores, ulcers and piles. Only 25c at L. Taggart's. Mar

It is queer how long it takes to earn money and how quickly it is spent.

**Working 24 Hours a Day.**

There's no rest for those tireless little workers—Dr. King's New Life Pills. Millions are always busy, curing torpid liver, jaundice, biliousness, fever and ague. They banish sick headache, drive out malaria. Never gripe or weaken. Small, taste nice, work wonders. Try them. 25c at L. Taggart's. Mar

Nothing looks so shiftless as a man lying on the lounge in the day time.

Prof. Ivison, of Lonaconing, Md., suffered terribly from neuralgia of the stomach and indigestion for thirteen years and after the doctors failed to cure him they fed him on morphine. A friend advised the use of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure and after taking a few bottles of it he says, "It has cured me entirely. I can't say too much for Kodol Dyspepsia Cure." It digests what you eat. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

When an inventor runs out of any thing else to invent, he invents a farm gate.

The stomach controls the situation. Those who are hearty and strong are those who can eat and digest plenty of food. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat and allows you to eat all the good food you want. If you suffer from indigestion, heartburn, belching or any other stomach trouble, this preparation can't help but do you good. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

There is a man in this town who has never read a novel or played a game of cards.

***Stops the Cough And Works off the Cold.***

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, no Pay. Price 25 cents. 26yl

**Night Was Her Terror.**

"I would cough nearly all night long," writes Mrs. Chas. Applegate, of Alexandria, Ind., "and could hardly get any sleep. I had consumption so bad that if I walked a block I would cough frightfully and spit blood, but, when all other medicines failed, three $1.00 bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery wholly cured me and I gained 58 pounds." It's absolutely guaranteed to cure coughs, colds, la grippe, bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles. Price 50c and $1.00.

Trial bottle free at L. Taggart's drug store. Mar

It is generally agreed among men that no woman can be taught how to run a furnace.

**TO PREVENT LA GRIPPE,**

**Timely Advice From the New York "Magazine of Sanitation and Hygene."**

The New York Magazine of Sanitation and Hygene says that a more meritorious medicine than Krause's Cold Cure for the prevention and cure of La Grippe has never come under the examination of the chemical and medical experts of that magazine. As soon as you begin to take cold or feel the first symptoms of the Grip take a Krause's Cold Cure Capsule every 3 hours during the day and 2 before retiring at night. This will insure a good night's rest and a free movement of the bowels next morning. Continue the treatment next day and you need have no fear of the grip.

Krause's Cold Cure is guaranteed to break up La Grippe in a day, and to cure an ordinary cold in one night. It is a new principle in medicine prepared in soft, soluble gelatine capsules, which are easily dissolved by the warmth and fluid of the stomach. They are far superior to hard, sugar-coated pills or tablets. They contain no calomel, and can be taken with safety by the most delicate woman or child. Krause's Cold Cure is for sale by druggists at 25 cents a box. Sold by L. Taggart. 2-2t-eow

How convenient it would be to live in a town where everybody minds his own business.

**Question Answered.**

Yes, August Flower still has the largest sale of any medicine in the civilized world. Your mothers' and grandmothers' never thought of using anything else for indigestion or biliousness. Doctors were scarce, and they seldom heard of appendicitis, nervous prostration or heart failure, etc. They used August Flower to cleans out the system and stop fermentation of undigested food, regulate the action of the liver, stimulate the nervous and organic action of the system, and that is all they took when they were feeling dull and bad with headaches and other aches. You only need a few doses of Green's August Flower, in liquid form, to make you satisfied there is nothing serious the matter with you. L. Taggart.

Get Green's Prize Almanac. 1n34eow

Those who laughed at the ground hog are sorry.

**Reward.**

We, the undersigned druggists, offer a reward of 50 cents to any person who purchases of us two 25 cent boxes of Baxter's Mandrake Bitters Tablets if it fails to cure constipation, biliousness, sick-headache, jaundice, loss of appetite, sour stomach, dyspepsia, liver complaint, or any of the diseases for which it is recommended. 25 cents for either tablets or liquid. We will also refund the money on one package of either if it fails to give satisfaction. L. Taggart. R. C. Dodson. 2-3teow

You can tell the size of a country town by the number of people who leave their blinds up at night.

**CASTORIA**

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

**Endorsement of Speer's Wine by the Faculty of N. Y.**

Dr. Cyrus Edson of New York Board of Health, says there is no better wines in the world. 50-eow-8t


**SPEER'S GRAPE WINES.**

ALSO

UNFERMENTED GRAPE JUICE,

And ★★★ Climax Brandy.

**SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE**

*NINE YEARS OLD.*

THIS CELEBRATED WINE is the pure juice of the Oporto Grape, raised in Speer's vineyards, and left hanging until they shrink and partly raisin before gathering. It is invaluable

**Tonic and Strengthening Properties**

are unsurpassed by any other wines in the world, being produced under Mr. Speer's personal supervision, at his own vineyards, the past forty years. Its purity and genuineness are guaranteed by the principal Hospitals and Boards of Health who have examined it. It is particularly beneficial to the aged, debilitated and the weaker sex. In every respect it is A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

[See that the signature of ALFRED SPEER, Passaic, N. J., is over the cork of each bottle.]

**Speer's (Socialite) Claret**

Is held in high estimation for its richness as a Dry Table Wine, specially suited for dinner use.

**Speer's P. J. Sherry**

Is a wine of Superior Character and partakes of the rich qualities of the grape from which it is made.

**Speer's ★★★ Climax Brandy**

IS A PURE distillation of the grape, and stands unrivaled in this country for medicinal purposes and equal in every respect to the high price Old Cognac Brandies of France, from which it cannot be distinguished.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS WHO KEEP FIRST CLASS WINES.



**HUMPHREYS' Witch Hazel Oil**

THE PILE OINTMENT.

One Application Gives Relief.

It cures Piles or Hemorrhoids—External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding, Itching or Burning, Fissures and Fistulas. Relief immediate—cure certain.

It cures Burns and Scalds. The relief instant.

It cures Inflamed or Caked Breasts and Sore Nipples. Invaluable.

It cures Salt Rheum, Tetters, Scurfy Eruptions, Chapped Hands, Fever Blisters, Sore Lips or Nostrils. Corns, Bunions, Sore and Chafed Feet, Stings of insects, Mosquito Bites and Sunburns.

**Three Sizes, 25c., 50c. and $1.00**

Sold by Druggists, or sent pre-paid on receipt of price.

HUMPHREYS' MED. CO.,

Cor. William & John Sts., NEW YORK.



**CELERY KING**

NATURE'S CURE

**Dangerous Kidney Diseases.**

Celery King has cured me of kidney disease. The doctor feared Bright's disease, and tried many remedies that gave me no help. Celery King has made me as well as ever in my life, and it seems almost as though a miracle had been wrought in my case.—Jennie O. Reichard, Springtown, Pa.

Celery King cures Constipation and Nerve, Stomach, Liver and Kidney diseases. 4

Sold by R. C. Dodson, Emporium, Pa.



**A MAN**

becomes languid, irritable and despondent, through loss of nerve vigor. Life seems a mockery. The courage, force, vigor and action which characterize full-blooded men, are lacking.

**Sex-ine Pills**

have kindled the light of hope in many a man's face. They bring vigor to the weak and ambition to the despondent. They permanently check the weakening drains, feed the nerves, enrich the blood and make men over generally.

$1.00 per box; 6 boxes $5.00. With a $5.00 order we issue a written guarantee to refund the money if no cure be effected. Book free. PEAL MEDICINE Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by R.C. Dodson, Emporium, Pa 51



MOST IN QUANTITY. BEST IN QUALITY.

**WORMS!**

WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE

FOR 20 YEARS

Has led all WORM Remedies.

EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Prepared by RICHARDSON MEDICINE CO., ST. LOUIS.

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DR. CALDWELL'S SYRUP PEPSIN CURES INDIGESTION.